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AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

AT THE OPERAHOUSE—Richard III.

The State Circus Fair now in progress in this city is in some respects the most attractive of any ever held in California. It should be liberally patronized. Eastern visitors, especially, cannot afford to miss it.

INSPECTOR DONOHUE, of the New York custom-house, concluded it would be wise to rub the humps of two apparently hump-backed passengers from Europe. The deformities consisted of a large stock of gems and jewels.

The report that Secretary Foster's mission to England is not really for his health, but to hold a conference with Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is denounced by silver men as a ruse to delay legislation by Congress.

"CLEVELAND or collapse" shrieks the New York Evening Post to the Democratic party. Whereupon, the Toledo Blade observes that, as Cleveland is now nothing but a stuffed reminiscence, there is no reason why the Democracy should not collapse.

It strikes us that Jay Gould has got an undue amount of advertising out of his gift of \$10,000 to the Presbyterian Church. Many a man of his wealth has given a great deal more for beneficent purposes, and his left hand has hardly known what his right hand did. Gould knows how to work both the stock market and the public.

MRS. JENNESS-MILLER, who accomplished so much in reforming women's undergarments, has at last taken hold—metaphorically speaking—of men's shirts. What reform she proposes in this useful and ornamental garment we have not learned, but if she thinks she can make men take it off down-wards instead of upwards she is making a grave mistake. Men have a few prejudices which they will never surrender, and this is one of them.

Among the political rumors ripe at Washington is the one that Whiteley Reid wishes to run for Vice-President on the Republican ticket, as it is understood that Mr. Morton does not desire a renomination, and that this is the reason Mr. Reid proposes to resign the French mission. This takes several things for granted, one of which is that Mr. Morton could have the nomination for Vice-President even if he wants it. Some people believe there is to be a new shuffle.

The New York Times draws this doleful picture of some of the boom towns in Kansas:

There are twenty well-built towns in this State without a single inhabitant to waken the echoes of their deserted streets. Saratoga has a \$30,000 opera-house, a large brick hotel, a \$20,000 schoolhouse and a number of fine business houses, yet there is nobody even to claim a place to sleep. Her banks remain, but they are silent. Some of her dwellings stand there, monuments of the credulity of man. At Fargo a \$25,000 schoolhouse stands on the side of the hill, a monument of the bond-voting craze. Most of the buildings have been removed or are torn down. The hotel keeps gloomy watch over the remaining houses, aided by the silence. A herder and his family constitute the sole population of what was once an incorporated city.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL GARD has blossomed out into a newspaper publisher in his official capacity, and he is the power which actuates one of the Sun's that now beams upon San Diego. Warren Wilson publishes the other Sun, and it is hard to see how the two orbs can exist long in such close proximity without precipitating a wreck of matter and a crash of worlds. It is laughable, sometimes, to see how men will fight over the carcass of a newspaper which has been dead so long that it is unfit to skin. The San Diego Sun has accomplished nothing for a few years past except to sink \$8000 or \$10,000 for its backers, and yet two sets of men want it so badly that they are fighting for it.

The Associated Press report of the pugilistic contest between Fitzsimmons and Maher at New Orleans last Wednesday is authority for the statement that Maher went into the fight considerably out of sorts. He objected first, to fighting on Ash Wednesday, and secondly, he was greatly annoyed by the fact that he forgot to go to church Wednesday morning. In being thus compelled to go against his conscience and to regret a religious shortcoming at the same time the pugilist was thrown into a savage temper, and of course he could not expect the divine blessing to rest upon his efforts in the prize ring. Had Maher been able to fortify himself a little better in point of piety there is no telling what a different complexion might not have been given to the fight. Seriously, the compromises which some men make with their consciences are marvelous, not to say astounding. Most people would think that a little Christian doctrine absorbed at such a time would unfit a man for going into a brutal contest of this sort, wherein he is expected for money to maltreat, and possibly kill, his antagonist. But there are all sorts of religionists in the world, and the book of peace and good will to men has been subjected to many savage interpretations, and has been held up as justification for no end of bloodshed. Let us leave Maher alone to his conscience and his damaged head.

Trades-Unionism in San Francisco.

A big fight is brewing in San Francisco on the question of trades-unionism. A short time ago the firm of Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, put in a new stitching machine with double needles into one of their departments. It was found, in a fair test, that an operator using the machine could do one-third more work than by the former method. As wages were based on piece-work the firm claimed the advantage of the labor-saving machinery, cutting down prices for this kind of work one-quarter. Of asserted that the operatives could make the 83 per cent. gain, then, 8 per cent. was given to the operative and 25 per cent. was claimed by the proprietor. It is better wages under the new regulation than under the old. But this did not suit the Federated Trades. They claimed all the advantage of the new labor-saving machinery for the operatives. Under the dictation of the Federated Trades the employees of Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co. struck, and a boycott was declared against that establishment.

There are in San Francisco nine firms of boot and shoe manufacturers. They saw that their interests lay together and that the trade tyranny operating against one firm was directed against all. They therefore combined in a mutual association and made common cause, retaliating upon the Federated Trades in kind. They all issued notices and posted them in their establishments to the effect that, unless the Federated Trades remove the boycott on Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co. before next Monday, the Association of Boot Manufacturers will discharge every person in their factories belonging to a union that affiliates with the Federated Trades. This is giving the strikers and boycotters a dose of their own medicine. It will probably precipitate a conflict. As organization is met by organization, it will be a fair game of "cut, and come again."

San Francisco industries have long suffered from the domineering interference of trades unions. Already one or two large manufacturing establishments have closed their doors and moved elsewhere so as to be free from these unreasonable exactions. We happen to know that a large concern of San Francisco is now thinking seriously of removing its plant to Los Angeles, because the firm believed that they would be less subjected to trade tyranny here than there.

Mr. Cahn, one of the members of the boycotted firm, said to a reporter the other day: "The manufacturers are now united against the Council of Federated Trades, not with the intention of forcing wages down, but simply because they have grown heartse of having to treat with committees, the members of which care about as little for the members of their union as they do for those who hire labor."

Mr. Rosse, secretary of the United Workmen's Cooperative Boot and Shoe Company, said: "We want to have a little to say about the management of our own business. For a long time employers have had to step very carefully for fear of treading on a union rule. They have had them strewn all over the factories. It got to be a most serious matter and we had to do something. The Federated Trades has been ruling with an iron rod. Manufacturers are not alone complaining. The members of the unions have been gradually awakening to the fact that their leaders are despotic. Not one employer in a million would dare to ride as roughshod over his men as the leaders in this council do over the members of the unions. I have found that the men are weary of this rule and disgusted with the insincerity and lack of consideration evinced by the delegates who are presumed to represent their interests. I believe that the great majority of the men engaged in the factories will keep right on working when Monday comes and that there will be no trouble."

Thus, it seems, there is a point beyond which the forbearance of employers of labor cannot go. When the dictation of trades-unionism becomes so onerous that it deprives owners of the power to control their own affairs and compels them to submit and be ruined or to resist and take their chances they will resort to the latter alternative every time. What is more, they will adopt the same tactics employed against them, and we are treated to the spectacle of combined capital against combined labor.

This is the outcome which THE TIMES predicted long ago. It is a regrettable state of affairs, as it engenders and augments antagonisms that should not exist. Capital and labor ought to work together, and without such cooperation neither can enjoy a full measure of prosperity. We are not in favor of giving unlimited power to either side, for it is sure to be abused. But there ought to be some better methods of adjusting disputes than the brutum fulmen of strikes and boycotts. The country and the people have outgrown such methods of force. If the spirit of trades-unionism were carried into all the affairs of life we should be relegated back to that condition of the dark ages when right was gauged simply by might. If we were thus arbitrary in politics we should set our political differences with clubs and guns instead of by the ballot. Law would become a question of force and

civil government would become a mockery.

A new kind of trades-unionism will soon grow up in this country, founded on due consideration for the rights of both capital and labor, appealing to friendly methods of arbitration for the settlement of disputes and casting out forever the un-American and almost uncivilized strike, and boycott. And with the inauguration of the new era employers and employees will no longer be arrayed in hostile camps, but they will exercise consideration and forbearance toward each other, and both will enjoy enhanced prosperity.

Let Us Have Specifications!

For four days past the Los Angeles Evening Express, edited by H. Z. Osborne, Collector of the Port of Wilmington, has each day charged by innuendo, more or less direct, that THE TIMES has been or is being influenced by corrupt motives or connections in its course on the water question, now before the people for consideration; that, in short, this journal has either accepted or is aiming to secure a corrupt reward to influence its position and utterances on this question.

This is a grave imputation on the part of the Evening Express.

Ordinarily THE TIMES would not descend to notice an innuendo, which is the coward's method of attack; but in the present case we depart from our established rule because the subject out of which this innuendo springs is one of grave concern to every citizen of Los Angeles, and they have the right to expect that those who come before them in any capacity, to offer advice, shall do so with good motives and clean hands. Therefore it is that we propose to answer to the public in this matter, in order to clear it up so far as THE TIMES is concerned.

The point has been reached where this thing will have to be settled.

This state of facts exists, namely: Mr. E. F. Spence, president of the First National Bank, controls, as owner or through power of attorney, one-fourth of the entire capital stock of the Los Angeles City Water Company and its associated corporations, his holdings representing a par value of more than \$800,000. He is, we believe, a member of the board of directors, a member of the company's finance committee, and one of the five trustees for all the stockholders, authorized to sell their stock.

Mr. Spence is also a large creditor of H. Z. Osborne, the reputed responsible editor of the Evening Express, and is, besides, one of his bondsmen as Collector of the Port of Wilmington—Mr. Hervey Lindley being another of his bondsmen.

Mr. Spence is in the position to know, and certainly does know, whether his company, or any of its officers or agents, acting in its and his interest and behalf, has paid, or offered to pay, or been asked to pay, any bribe of any kind, direct or indirect, to influence THE TIMES, or its editor or proprietors, or any person connected with THE TIMES in any authoritative capacity, or to influence any public official or other person.

If there be a bribe-taker, there must be a bribe-giver; and, in the case in question, Mr. Spence must be guilty along with his associates if a bribe has been paid by the water company. It therefore becomes his duty, under the circumstances, to rise up and declare whether or not a bribe has been paid, offered or asked, and if so, by whom. So much is due to himself and his own associates in the water company. Let this matter be settled here and now! If he can satisfy the Evening Express of his innocence, that bribe-biting and virtuous journal will not be compelled to expose him.

THE TIMES now calls upon Mr. E. F. Spence to stand up and answer! His testimony will settle the dispute. As for us, we are prepared for whatever truth may be brought out touching this journal. "Let no guilty man escape!"

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES.

GRAND OPERAHOUSE.—The Mountebank is a powerful melodrama, full of situations replete with pathos that tax a player's genius and that a careless or inefficient actor find it difficult to keep from becoming bathos. It is, in the hands of Fred Ward, a stirring play, especially captivating to that large clientele upstairs which fairly revels in the sharply accented points of the drama, which the chief actor brings out with great strength.

The scene in the second act where the mountebank comes in with the gaudy shawl he has bought with which to surprise his wife, and the tin kitchen, gingerbread man and doll for the little Louise, is so simply suggestive that the emotional person in the audience is apt to find use for his handkerchief or a word has been spoken. It is a very strong scene that Mr. Ward and Miss Bowman as "Henri," the son of the buffoon, played with discretion, power and good taste last night. To our mind the play is better than the one given the previous night, and while there was not such a packed house out to greet him as there was twenty-four hours earlier, it was a warmly appreciative one, in no way backward with its demonstrations of approval, and the curtain had to come up repeatedly at the end of every act.

It is especially a star's play, which was extremely fortunate, as, barring a very few exceptions, his support was small and commonplace to a degree. Miss Belgrade lacks too much in the one essential of appearance to make a satisfactory "Madeline." Miss Oliver, as "Madelonette Flora," was fairly good and quite outshone the leading lady. Mr. Young made an acceptable "Panfaronade." Charles Herman, as "Laverne," sustained the good impression made on the opening night, and Mr. Vining, as "Count de Blangy," showed an easy stage presence and acted the part with grace, but spoke his lines too fast for any but the most accurate ear to catch the drift of his end of the dialogue. As a whole, however, the play gave the well-filled house much pleasure, for the play itself is full of genuine humor and good honest emotion.

Tonight Mr. Ward will be seen in the great drama of Richard III.

COMING ATTRACTION.—Superba, a spectacular trick pantomime, which the famous Hanlon Bros. have been working on for many years, will be seen for the first time at the Grand Opera-house next week. The production is said to be something novel and beautiful and replete with all the characteristics that have made the Hanlons' fame. Like most pantomimes it has a romantic story for a foundation and the legends of fairyland have due prominence. It is now having a big run in San Francisco from which city it comes direct to Los Angeles. A large and competent company and several carloads of scenery are promised.

THE CHILEAN CRISIS.

All Members of the Cabinet Resign Their Offices.

Minister Egan to Return to This Country in a Few Weeks.

Minister Montt Cables His Resignation from Washington.

Other Foreign News—A Church in Valencia Wrecked by a Bomb—Terrorism and Murder Continue in Guatemala.

By Telegram to The Times.

NEW YORK, March 4.—[By the Associated Press.] The Herald's Valparaiso correspondent says that he hears that Minister Egan will probably return to the United States in April. Late tonight it is stated that all members of the cabinet have resigned, but are now holding a consultation with President Montt.

Minister Pedro Montt has cabled his resignation from Washington.

THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.

Its Policy Regarding the Church Question Formally Announced.

PARIS, March 3.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] At the opening session of the Chamber of Deputies today Prime Minister Loubet and other members of the new cabinet entered the Chamber and took their seats. Loubet immediately afterward ascended the tribune and read the declaration of ministerial policy.

He referred to the difficulties of the task the ministers had undertaken and said they relied upon the clearness of their declaration to enable the Chamber to say at the outset whether the ministry was to expect the confidence of the House. The primary object of the ministerial policy, he said, was the defense of all laws of the republic, especially laws relative to the military, patriotism, equality and education.

"The relations now existing in France between church and state have given rise," Loubet continued, "to many included and varied discussions. These have involved questions so numerous and so complex as to obscure the underlying principles. We have not light enough as yet as to the principles involved to guide us in these matters. But it is not our duty to consider whether we are called upon to prepare the way for the separation of church and state, even though we may not believe that there exists in the country a majority favorable to the carrying out of such a measure. We recognize that it is our duty to maintain firmly the existing legislation, based upon the concordat, which we shall apply in the spirit of its requirements. The concordat assures the positions and rights of the clergy, at the same time it imposes on them, whatever their rank may be, certain strict obligations. They not only owe obedience to the national laws, but are bound to confine themselves to their ministry and to keep aloof from party struggles and discussions. We shall not hesitatingly require from all observance of these obligations, and we believe we are armed with sufficient power to enforce such observance."

After the declaration had been read the minister, replying to a question, declared that there was any ground for the debate on the government and the Pope.

The debate on this subject continued to great length, and finally a motion approving the government's explanations of the clerical question was carried by a vote of 341 to 91.

The ministerial programme has been received coolly by the public and it is regarded as a poor composition. It is regarded as leaving the clerical question in statu quo.

FOSTER IN LONDON.

He Visits the Commons and Talks Cautiously with Newspaper Men.

LONDON, March 3.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Minister Lincoln escorted Secretary of the Treasury Foster to the House of Commons today, where they listened to a debate. Mr. Foster will go to Brighton tomorrow and start for Paris Saturday.

In speaking of his visit to the Commons Mr. Foster said this evening that what struck him most was the hesitating way of speaking, in strong contrast with our direct and more earnest style. Gladstone approached nearest to our American idea of a good speaker. Balfour and Labouchere also pleased him. Secretary Foster said he had questioned frequently in regard to the report of the United States immigration commission. Referring to comments on the question of sending ex-convicts to America, he said these questions in Parliament were based on misapprehension of the report as a whole. The commission was not responsible for this. The story about the commissioners had its origin in Mr. Schulte's report. Here the mistake made in taking the statement that 22,000,000 acres of productive lands was lying idle here. Mr. Foster said he did not know where Mr. Powderly got this estimate. He would say that Powderly's report had a partisan bias, but naturally he reported in behalf of those he feels with. Congress, he said, will be a good judge of the statement. The Secretary said he was glad to hear that the great shipping companies are ready to help the United States Government in efforts to correct abuses.

LORD LYTTON'S WILL.

Provisions for Refuting the Charges Made Against His Father.

LONDON, March 3.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The will of the late Lord Lytton is made public. The estate is valued at \$75,270. It is entailed. Two-thirds of the income goes to the widow, and there are legacies to the daughters and others. All copyrights go to the widow. The widow is requested to obtain the assistance of a statesman or of a writer of integrity to prepare a complete record of the deposed Indian administration from his records.

He further decrees that "As the estate is in the hands of persons untried by a sense of honor or decency, and certain letters which testator bequeathed to be garbled, and statements which he knows to be wicked and cruel falsehoods relative to the domestic life of his parents, are in their possession, and whereas there is no impudent misstatement or baseless imputation which biographers are incapable of adopting in pursuit of sensational novelties about private lives of eminent persons, the widow shall collect and seal all papers bequeathed by his father for transmission to the future estate of Lytton, so that representatives of the name rendered illustrious by testator's honored father shall not be without means of refuting the calumnies originated by Rosina, Lady Lytton."

The testator further expects his widow and executors never to permit to be destroyed these documents which contain a complete refutation of the calumnies.

A GLOOMY PICTURE.

The Reign of Terror in Guatemala Under Barillas.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] There is a rumor that a mutiny took place in one of the military barracks in the city of Guatemala recently, but was promptly checked by the authorities. The ringleaders were arrested, and seven shot. It is reported that the Salvadoreans have a large force within an hour's march of the Guatemalan frontier. President Barillas today summoned the principal military leaders of the country to a council. The proceedings were secret.

It is reported a number of persons who placed themselves in opposition to the policy of Barillas were taken into the interior and executed in the military barracks.

ANOTHER BOMB.

Its Explosion Partly Wrecks a Church at Valencia.

VALENCIA, March 3.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] Great excitement was occasioned today by a partially successful attempt to wreck a place of worship with dynamite. People residing in the vicinity of the Church of St. Nicholas, one of the prominent churches of the city, were much alarmed by a terrific explosion which caused buildings and windows to rattle, and in some instances to fall to pieces. An investigation showed that a bomb had exploded within the edifice and wrought much destruction.

A large breach was made in one of the walls of the church, and the altar of the Virgin was wrecked. Costly ornaments were lying in a heap of ruins. A valuable picture of the "Conception" painted by Vicente Duans, was destroyed. The explosion is attributed to anarchists.

A HEAVY HAUL.

The Safe of a Michigan Bank Cracked by Experts.

COLDWATER (Mich.), March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] Last night the Coldwater National Bank of this city was robbed. The safes were blown open and \$20,000 in cash was taken in addition to a deposit of \$4000 of Philadelphia and Reading deferred bonds. One thousand dollars reward has been offered for the arrest of the robbers.

The job was the boldest and most complete ever performed in this portion of the State and was evidently the work of experts. They took every cent of cash they could find. The robbery caused a great sensation here and the bank was visited by hundreds of people this morning. There is no clew to the robbers.

The robbers drilled the outer doors of the vault and with a punch broke the lock off. The middle door was secured with a padlock. This was broken with a sledge. Inside the vault contained one burglar-proof combination-lock safe and also a steel safe with a time lock. These were drilled and charged with dynamite. The doors of both safes were blown completely off, wrecking the safes and leaving nothing but the shell of each. Two explosions were heard by the neighbors about 8 o'clock this morning. About \$200 in gold that was badly mutilated and bent out of shape, also a quantity of silver, was left by the robbers, together with some of their tools.

Two suspicious-looking men, who were seen in the vicinity of the bank, cannot be found, and are probably the men wanted.

"HANG THEM!"

A Detroit Mob Gets After a Gang of Free Lovers.

DETROIT (Mich.), March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] This morning a return of the writ of habeas corpus against "Prince Michael" and his "affinity lovers," which was issued at the instance of Joseph T. Richardson, was made before Judge Brevoort. "Prince Michael" and Mrs. Richardson, the respondents, were present. The case being adjourned to this afternoon, "Prince" and about a dozen followers started out of the courtroom, when a crowd swept down on them, shouting in derision, "Throw them into the river!" "Give Prince a cold bath!" etc.

The crowd chased the gang around the streets for half an hour, until the fanatics took refuge in the office of their lawyers.

This afternoon the courtroom was carefully guarded, but in the corridors the crowd booted and jeered. Before Mrs. Richardson's examination was concluded the court adjourned. The disciples, when they left the hall, were surrounded by a dozen or more deputy sheriffs, but as soon as they reached the street a howling mob followed them crying: "Hang them!" "Kill them!" "Throw them into the river!" "Get a rope!" etc. Deputies finally succeeded in placing the long-haired disciples on street cars, after which they crowd dispersed. Several persons arrived here today who will bring habeas corpus proceedings to regain possession of friends and relatives.

Another Jury Falls to Agree.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The jury in the case of Abe Jones, under indictment for stage robbery, came in this afternoon in the United States District Court and reported that it was impossible to agree upon a verdict. Judge Morrow discharged the jury and set the case for May 2. On that date the third trial will begin. On the first trial the jury stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal. The jury on the second trial, which reported today, stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal.

Shot by a Freighter.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), March 3.—Rev. John Calvin, a Methodist minister in Green county, this morning shot and killed William Herdy, a deacon in the church, and fatally wounded a brother-in-law of Herdy. Herdy suspected Calvin of being intimate with his (Herdy's) wife and attacked him with a cane, when Calvin drew a pistol and fired with the above result.

Acquitted of Murder.

SANTA ROSA, March 3.—G. C. P. Sears, accused of the murder of a man named John Rebl of Sonoma, was acquitted by the jury on the first ballot today.

A SINGULAR WEDDING.

Old Fakir Harris Takes an Aged Lady for a Bride.

Nogales Settlers Fighting a Claim for Their Homes.

A San Francisco Merchant Fined for Defrauding Uncle Sam.

Singular Lottery Prosecution in Arizona—Lloyd Tevis to Retire from the Express Company—Other Happenings on the Coast.

By Telegram to The Times.

SANTA ROSA, March 3.—It became known today that Thomas Lake Harris, of "Brotherhood of New Life" notoriety, and Miss Jane Waring were married on the 27th of last month by Rev. J. A. Shepherd, rector of the Episcopal Church here. Mr. Harris is 88 years old and Miss Waring 64. The latter has been a member of this community for thirty years.

Miss Jane Waring was an intimate friend of Mr. Harris's first wife, who died at the colony near this city seven or eight years ago. She lived in the community with Mr. and Mrs. Harris here for thirty years. She is supposed to know as much, if not more, than any one else about Lawrence Oliphant and his affairs. She is known to be a lady of rare culture, refinement and highly connected in the East. She has many warm personal friends here among the best people.

FIGHTING A GRANT.

A Case of Importance to Settlers in Arizona.

PHOENIX (Ariz.), March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] Residents of Nogales, Ariz., and settlers in the vicinity have organized a protective association to fight the Cameron grant, a title which embraces about 25,000 acres on the American side of the line, including the town of Nogales.

The question of title of the grant claimants will come up before the Land Court shortly and will be bitterly contested on both sides. The Cameron grant includes also the Mexican town of Nogales and adjacent territory. It was recently confirmed by President Diaz of Mexico. Both sides are now represented by legal assistance in Washington.

Lloyd Tevis to Resign.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—Lloyd Tevis, president of Wells, Fargo & Co., returned from the East today. During his absence it was stated that serious dissensions existed in the board of directors of Wells, Fargo & Co., and that there was grave dissatisfaction with Mr. Tevis's management, notably in connection with the company's bank. Mr. Tevis denied all these rumors and said there was no dissatisfaction. On account of the attention his private business demanded he announced that he would resign the presidency of the company at the next annual meeting of the board of directors in August.

Notes from Visalia.

VISALIA, March 3.—Mrs. D. L. Healy today obtained a verdict in the Superior Court for \$7800 against the Visalia and Tulare Railroad for injuries sustained in May, 1890. At the time of the accident the track was flooded and the passengers were transferred to a handcar, which jumped the track, and the lady sustained severe injuries, from which she has not recovered.

Frank Baker, the local rainmaker, has called a meeting of farmers for March 19 to raise \$2000 to pay him for causing one inch of rainfall in April. He has been offered \$20,000 for his method if successful.

A Prohibition Victory.

YUBA CITY, March 3.—The jury in the case of Dr. Noble, arrested for selling liquor in violation of the prohibition ordinance, found him guilty last night after an exciting trial of three days, before Justice Rogers. Sentence was suspended until tomorrow, when the case will probably be carried to the higher court. This is the second conviction in the county since the ordinance has been in force. The W.C.T.U. have a standing reward of \$250 for information leading to the conviction of persons violating the ordinance.

Singular Lottery Law Case.

PHOENIX (Ariz.), March 3.—The entire edition of the morning's Gazette was thrown out of the mail for the publication of an alleged lottery advertisement. The item in question reads: "The prize piano at the Beehive store was won by Miss Millie Long of Tempe. The winning number, 395, was drawn by the Miss Hattie Bronk." Later in the day the postmaster rescinded the order. Warrants will be sworn out for the arrest of the postmaster for detention of the paper, and the question will be fought out in the courts.

Not an Affront to De Young.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—At its regular meeting tonight the Press Club of San Francisco adopted a resolution stating that its action in withdrawing from the International League of Press Clubs was not intended as an affront to M. H. de Young, president of the League and member of the club, as had been publicly stated.

A Merchant Heavily Fined.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—The case of Bernard Reiss, of the firm of Newberger, Reiss & Co., charged with making false invoices of linen goods, was closed today by Reiss pleading guilty. He was sentenced by Judge Morrow to pay a fine of \$5000.

Mangled Beyond Recognition.

JACKSON (Cal.), March 3.—Luigi Giambro, an Italian miner aged 36, in trying to step across the mouth of a shaft yesterday missed his footing and fell 500 feet. The body was mangled beyond recognition. He leaves a wife and child.

Suing the Southern Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—In the Circuit Court today M. R. Roberts brought suit against the Southern Pacific Company for \$50,000 damages for injuries sustained in the Webster street bridge disaster of May 30, 1890.

Tramping Across the Continent.

RAKO (Nev.), March 3.—J. Edw. Smith, the man who has undertaken to foot it across the continent in nineteen days, arrived here yesterday and left this morning. He complains some about his ankles, but otherwise is fresh.

Accused of Murder.

SANTA ROSA, March 3.—G. C. P. Sears, accused of the murder of a man named John Rebl of Sonoma, was acquitted by the jury on the first ballot today.

STEAMERS MUST DOCK.

Washington Opinion as to the San Diego Controversy.

The Pacific Mail Company Must Abide by Its Contract.

Congressman Springer's Condition Considered Almost Hopeless.

Important Testimony Given in the Raun Investigation—What the Bounty on Sugar Will Cost—Other Washington Matters.

By Telegram to The Times.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] Second Assistant Postmaster-General Bell was asked today as to the facts concerning the reported conflict between the Postmaster-General and Pacific Mail Company, as to whether or not the latter should receive passengers and mail at San Diego, Cal., in pursuance of its contract recently entered into under the act of March 3, 1891. Bell said that there had been no friction or even misunderstanding between the company and department upon the subject. He knew that there was an impression prevailing among some citizens of San Diego that because of prior arrangements with the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and the Pacific Coast Steamship Company the Pacific Mail Company intends to avoid, if possible, doing any passenger or freight business between San Diego and the port south of it. Bell expressed the belief that the steamship company had no such intention and expected and desired fully to carry out its contract with the Government, both in letter and spirit. The company had, however, intimated that it would be extremely difficult at times to make San Diego harbor and had inquired what action would be taken by the department in case of failure because of stress of weather. The department declined to answer this hypothetical question and informed the company that they were expected to fully comply with the terms of the contract.

Bell was asked whether it would be deemed a violation of the contract if vessels of the company should not go up to the San Diego dock, but deliver and receive mail by means of lighters. In reply he said that the spirit of the act under which their contracts were made undoubtedly carries with it an obligation to promote commerce, and this includes all business incidental to a steamship line running for freight and passengers, and therefore the company's vessels were expected to go to the wharf and regularly receive freight and passengers. Failure to do this, Bell said, would be followed by deductions and fines, and if it appears that these omissions or failures were wilful, he did not believe the Postmaster-General would hesitate to annul the contract.

Bell, however, desired it distinctly understood that the company had in no way indicated any purpose or desire other than to carry out the contract in letter and spirit.

SPRINGER VERY ILL.

The Congressman's Recovery Scarcely Expected by His Physicians.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] The condition of Congressman Springer, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, was so serious today as to excite the gravest apprehensions of his friends. His family and most intimate friends are evidently prepared for the worst, as there is fear that erysipelas, heretofore confined to the face, has gone to the brain. His physicians concede that this being the case the result is almost inevitably fatal. Dr. Vincent of Springfield, Ill., the old family physician of Springer, has been telegraphed for at the request of the patient, and with the approval of the attending physicians in this city. While Springer's family have the greatest confidence in the attending physicians, they hope that the presence of Dr. Vincent, who is an old friend, as well as a skillful physician, may buoy up the patient and help him to battle against the virulence of the disease. This view is shared by Drs. Curtis and Verdi. During most of the time Springer is conscious, and although suffering most intense pain day and night, is fully apprised of the gravity of his condition.

At midnight Congressman Springer's condition is unchanged. That he is no worse gives renewed hope to his friends, the nature of the malady being such that every hour in which he succeeds in battling away death means that he is gaining over the disease. Learning from the bedside watchers that an Associated Press representative was in the house, he requested that he be admitted to the sick-room, and said to him, after grasping his hand: "I am no worse tonight, and believe I am going to get a fresh hold. If I can just keep down this cough, which is stifling me, I'm all right."

Further conversation was stopped by the recurrence of a fit of nervous coughing, which convulsed the sick man's frame in agony. The attendant physicians believe that if no change for the worse takes place before noon there will be reason to hope for his recovery. Inability to sleep and the nervous desire of the patient to talk to any one within reach are regarded as but indications of the harassed and restless condition of his brain, and the physicians now find in this inability to take repose the greatest menace to his life. As long as the sick man converses with those around he is perfectly conscious and coherent in his speech, but as soon as the conversation dies out, or he is enjoined to silence, he rapidly drifts into delirium, talking at random or of pending legislation in the House.

THE RAUN INQUIRY.

Assistant Secretary Bussey Before the Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—[By the Associated Press.] Assistant Secretary Bussey, of the Interior Department, to whom is given the supervision of matters relating to the Pension Bureau, testified today before the special Pension Investigating Committee of the House.

He said that Secretary Noble told him he thought the good of the office demanded Taylor's resignation. The Secretary told witness he thought Taylor was furnishing matter to newspapers. Bussey said he thought one or two other persons were dismissed from the Pension Office on the ground that they were furnishing matter to the newspapers. Witness told Mr. Enloe that he never before today heard that young Raun, when appointed clerk, collected a notary fee of 25 cents from each person appointed and promoted in the Pension Office and he did not know that it was a fact that Congress had passed a law prohibiting that practice.

The subject of ratifying pensions and making their ratifying claims date back to the time of the original disability was then taken up. Bussey said that

The Hotel del CORONADO!

Without a doubt is the Grandest Seaside Resort in the World!

The season has now reached its zenith, presenting a daily scene of delightful activity and enjoyment. Every State and Territory in the Union combine with the great cities of Europe in sending some of their most illustrious representatives to give eclat and interest to these grand gatherings of the elite in the spacious halls of Coronado.

Our Daily Excursions Are well patronized by an appreciative public, \$24.50 paying for a round-trip ticket, including nicely furnished room and board for one week; also transportation from depot to hotel and return.

The time can be extended at the rate of \$3.00 per day. Tickets for sale at Santa Fe office, 129 N. Spring st., and at First St. Depot. For further particulars apply to

T. D. Yeomans, Agt.,
129 S. SPRING ST., Los Angeles.

while looking up the pension laws, after becoming an office-holder, he ascertained that the statutes prohibited ratifying further back than the medical examination on which the rating was allowed. An investigation followed and it was found that the pensions of a number of employees of the Pension Office were being related. Bussey said that the practice was in violation of the departmental decisions and in violation of the law. The practice had been stopped and he defied any man to show a case related in violation of law under Commissioner Raun's administration. Under Gen. Black 1700 related cases were found and under Tanner 1800 cases.

The witness had estimated that if the ratings were generally followed they would cost \$800,000,000.

Mr. Payson asked about the reports in circulation as to the circumstances connected with the ratifying of Powell, an Illinois politician, by Commissioner Black. Mr. Bussey said that the practice was in violation of the departmental decisions and in violation of the law. The practice had been stopped and he defied any man to show a case related in violation of law under Commissioner Raun's administration. Under Gen. Black 1700 related cases were found and under Tanner 1800 cases.

Mr. Enloe asked how it was that Gen. F. W. Dudley had been related without the facts appearing on the record.

Mr. Bussey said that Dudley was legally related under the act increasing pensions for loss of a leg at the knee joint. The rating did not go back to the date of disability, but to 1886, the date of the act increasing the pension. Why the record did not show the rating he did not know unless because the claim was for a specific disability.

To Mr. Enloe Mr. Bussey said that the greatest abuse the Pension Office had to contend with was the practice of Congressmen pushing pension claims. He did not see how the practice could be stopped except by law. Mr. Bussey believed that Commissioner Raun managed the office with efficiency and integrity.

Mr. Enloe inquired if Mr. Bussey approved the practice of giving pensions to persons of means.

Mr. Bussey replied in the negative and said it was prohibited by a recent law. Mr. Enloe instanced one case in which an Ohio woman worth \$80,000 was getting a pension. Mr. Bussey replied that his office was constantly investigating such violations of the law.

Adjourned.

Estimating Next Year's Pensions.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The subcommittee of the House Committee on Pensions today examined Commissioner Raun with reference to estimates for pension appropriations for the next fiscal year. The Commissioner said that last year \$1,880,000 had been spent for medical examinations and this year \$1,500,000 would be spent, which would bring that work up to date. The actual amount of money expended on account of pensions during the first six months of the year was \$68,065.87. About \$48,000,000 is on hand for the remainder of the fiscal year.

The Seal Fisheries Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The joint English and United States commission on Bering Sea fisheries held a long session this afternoon and practically concluded its deliberations. The members are pledged to secrecy, and it is impossible to obtain any official information as to the result of their conferences. There is good reason, however, for the prevalent belief that the commissioners failed entirely in their endeavors to reach a satisfactory agreement as to the best method of conducting the seal fishing industry with a view to the preservation of the species.

What Sugar Bounties Will Cost.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The statement by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in regard to the sugar bounty shows that 2323 claims for bounty, amounting to \$6,914,654, have been received and 925 claims, amounting to \$2,952,020, paid. The beet-sugar bounties were \$215,406, distributed as follows: Nebraska, \$53,974; California, \$159,534; Utah, \$21,898.

The Whisky Trust Will Fight.

Boston, March 3.—Charles A. Prince, counsel for the defendants in the Whisky Trust cases, says: "We shall take our case to the United States Supreme Court. The case will be tried here, but we shall accept no decision as final that does not come from the Supreme bench. These gentlemen who have been indicted have not been running a trust. They have formed a company which owns certain property. It does not control the entire output of the product manufactured; it is not a monopoly, and has not conspired against competitive interests."

Prince Did Not Believe the Cases would Come up on Monday, as there has been no time to prepare them.

The New England Deal.

New York, March 3.—The Evening Post says:

It is practically certain that absolute control of the New York and New England Railroad has passed into the hands of the Vanderbilts and that at the election next week President Austin Corbin will be ousted and a man affiliated with the Vanderbilt interests put in his place.

Opposed to Free Lumber.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Ways and Means Committee today heard a committee of the Lumbermen's Association in opposition to the bill introduced by Mr. Byrne of Nebraska, placing lumber on the free list. Others also spoke in opposition to the measure.

Correct Styles
Our Great Sale in Hats

DURING THE LAST WEEK IS A PROOF THAT THE PUBLIC APPRECIATE THE Popular Shapes, Colors and Prices of Our Hats!

WE DO NOT KEEP ANY EXTREME STYLES, BUT EVERY Popular ★ Hat

Made by any Leading Manufacturer you will find in Our Stock. We have NEW SHAPES again this week. Do not purchase until you see our styles in Hats.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

We have placed on our counters several large lines of

Underwear, Night Shirts, Etc.

Of which some sizes are sold out. These lines will be cleared out at a bargain.

THESE PRICES THIS WEEK ONLY!

Fine California wool Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from \$1.50 to 75c
Vienna all-wool Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from 1.50 to \$1.00
Cassimere wool Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from 1.50 to 1.00
Best Fleece Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from 1.50 to 1.00
Saxony wool Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from 1.50 to 1.00
Seamless Vienna Merino Shirts or Drawers. Reduced from 1.50 to 1.00
Cheviot Night Shirts. Reduced from 1.00 to 50c
Silk and Linen Night Shirts. Reduced from 1.50 to 1.00

SEE OUR WINDOWS!

IN SIX ROUNDS.

Jimmy Lawson Easily Disposed of by Billy Maber.

The Colored Light-weight No Match for the Australian Champion—Maber's Hand Broken in the First Round.

In spite of the efforts of some of the working members of the Pastime Athletic Club to increase the popularity of that organization by matching two of the cleverest men that have visited this city for some time past, not over 200 lovers of pugilism assembled in the gymnasium of that institution last night to witness the fight between Billy Maber, the Australian champion, and Jimmy Lawson, the colored light-weight from the kangaroo country.

The result proved that the latter, clever as he undoubtedly is, was completely outmatched, as Maber, in spite of the fact that he broke a bone in his left hand in the first round, easily disposed of his opponent in six rounds without receiving a scratch.

There were several preliminary set-to's, of a more or less interesting nature, but it was evident that the spectators were much relieved when the last couple left the ring to make way for the event of the evening.

Lawson, who was attended by Billy Shannon and William Child, entered the ring at 9:30 o'clock, and a few minutes later Maber put in an appearance and took up his position near the reporters' bench. He was attended by Purcell and Manning. After the men had been introduced by Referee Mort Carran, the time-keepers compared watches for a few minutes, and the spectators were afforded a chance of comparing the two men. Lawson was splendidly muscled, but appeared to be a little paunchy, while "Shadow" Maber, although "fit as a fiddle," was as "thin as a pickstaff." Both were apparently confident, but Lawson evidently did not know his man. Time was called at 9:45 o'clock. Four-ounce gloves were used.

First round—Lawson again went for Billy, with a dangerously high guard, which the latter, after warding off a number of blows, soon began to take advantage of, driving his right repeatedly into his dusky opponent's ribs. The fight was a foregone conclusion already.

Second round—Lawson tried to rush matters, but Maber received all his blows, high and low, on his arms, until the little fellow began to tire. Maber then started in, and jabbing Lawson over the heart with his left, sent him down with a right jab in the jaw. Jimmy took all of eight seconds before he renewed hostilities, and as Maber drove his right into his short ribs again he was nearly gone when time was called.

Fourth round—Maber, after showing the little fellow that his efforts to reach him were fruitless, sent him down with a crushing right drive in the jaw. On getting up at the end of seven seconds Lawson rushed at Billy and swung his left but missed, and Maber at once closed with him, and sent him down again. Lawson then renewed the tactics he used so effectively in the Conley fight, going down whenever struck, and resting for six or seven seconds, but Maber hit harder than ever, and Lawson reeled in going to his corner at the end of the round.

Fifth round—Lawson rushed viciously, but received a terrific right drive in the heart which effectively stopped him and sent him down. He got up grunting, but was floored three times in rapid succession with terrific jabs from Maber's right on the head and jaw.

Sixth round—Maber advanced to meet his man and at once sent him to his knees with a terrible right jab in the jaw. Lawson then attempted clinching tactics, but Maber held him off with his left elbow and jabbed him down again with his right. The little fellow on getting up rushed, swinging wildly, missed and fell. Maber then waited for him and, as he came again, jabbed his right over the heart, knocking him

clear off his feet. Lawson lay face downwards until counted out, and was dragged to his corner completely done for.

Maber, who was unscratched, announced that the reason he had not finished the fight sooner was that his left hand had been broken in the first round and he had been unable to use it effectively, except as a guard, after that, and upon examination of the member in his dressing-room, it was found that one of the bones in the back of his hand was broken, so as to disable him from closing his fist.

PASMORE'S DISGRACE.

Sorrow and Shame Brought on a Family by His Actions.

Frank A. Pasmore of Pomona, formerly of Fresno, is in jail in Salt Lake City on a charge of forging the name of Edward A. Padgham, his father-in-law, on a check for \$400, says the Fresno Republican. Pasmore presented the check at the Salt Lake National Bank last Saturday and drew the money. The bank officials telegraphed to Mr. Padgham in Pomona, who sent word that the check was a forgery. Mr. and Mrs. Padgham have left for Salt Lake to bring home Mrs. Pasmore, their only daughter, who has been prostrated from the shock.

"I have been in a literal hell," said Mr. Padgham, "ever since my daughter Jessie first saw this rascal Pasmore. If this thing keeps up much longer my wife and I shall go mad with disgrace and shame that have been heaped upon us by Pasmore. While we were in Arizona for my wife's health, sixteen months ago, he infatuated my daughter, who was only 17, and injured her name and honor so much while we were absent from home and she was there alone that we could not prevent the marriage he proposed."

"Since the marriage I have paid money by the handful every week to keep Pasmore out of jail, and to keep my daughter from shame, and to go down to my grave with an honorable reputation and in peace."

Pasmore married a daughter of Fulton G. Berry in 1885, but she died a few months afterwards. His gambling propensities were well known here. He was formerly a fruit buyer for Cook & Langley.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued at the County Clerk's office yesterday to the following persons:

R. J. Marshall, a native of Montana, 22 years of age, of Santa Ana, to Carrie O. Harding, a native of Kentucky, 17 years of age, of Downey.

Ira Clifton Copley, a native of Illinois, 27 years of age, of Aurora, Ill., to Ethel Strohm, a native of Michigan, 22 years of age, of this city.

Laid to Rest.

Hazel Leighton, the unfortunate woman murdered by Henry Avok, was buried yesterday afternoon from Orr & Sutch's, at 2 o'clock, Rev. Will A. Knighton, of Simpson Tabernacle, officiating. A handsome white cloth-covered casket inclosed the remains. The floral offerings were very elaborate. The funeral will be buried by a society in San Francisco of which he is a member.

DR. PRICE'S

Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

J. T. SHEWARD

113-115 North Spring St.

CLOAKS!

The kind that sells, handsome goods at popular prices. They are marked in plain figures. One price. You know what you are doing. To take less for an article, more must be asked, and if you are not smart you are taken in. You run no risk in buying your cloaks here. They are marked at an honest profit and this makes safe buying for you. Besides, we have the largest stock. Yes, the very largest and the largest variety. The sales are very large in our Cloak Department, fully double that of any other house. And by the way, do you know the house is largely increasing its trade? The sales are way ahead of last year. The Dress Goods Department has been adding strength to its sales for fully a year. Today a new lot of Silks—the kind our grandmothers wore—quaint figures, the kind that wears and looks well. The price is \$1 a yard; they are new today. Ladies' Hose, better than we sold last year at 35 cents; our price today is 25 cents. Children's Heavy Ribbed Hose, a 35 cent quality, today 25 cents. Reynolds Bros.' Shoes, the \$6.50 quality, now \$4.50; the \$4 quality now \$3. Moderate profits, a scaling down of prices and a large increase in trade. The nimble sixpence is working wonders. The new Millinery room, new tables, 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1. They are bargain-givers. To you it means a saving of fully one-half. A lot of handsome new styles in Trimmed Hats. Our past experience and a bid for trade is elegant style and taste, and what is better, low prices and good treatment. New Chiffons, new Laces, new Windsors and Ties and a big lot of new Royal Worcester Corsets from \$1 up. Best 50 cent Corset you ever saw.

BACK ★ AGAIN!

OUR buyer has just returned from the East where he purchased the largest stock of Millinery ever shown in Los Angeles. Our Trimming Department is under charge of Miss Zobel, who came direct from Europe to fill that position, and whose experience in the finest millinery establishments in Europe will enable us, though we charge moderate profits only, to furnish our customers with style in trimming and the high grade of goods only approached by the finest establishments in the East. Our stock is now complete and ready for business.

THE WONDER,

219 S. Spring-st.

The danger of war with Chile is past. East Whittier lands are selling fast. Secure your ten ere it is too late. Or by and by you'll bemoan your fate.

UT, wiping the tears from your eyes when your chances are all gone, will do no good, and the wise man who bought in time will have little sympathy for you then. So avoid such a contingency, come to East Whittier; buy while good chances are to be had. A great many acres will be set out in trees on the tract this season, and improvements are going merrily on. We are offering the lands very cheap now on the start; they will be higher soon. Such lands at Redlands or Riverside are bringing \$400 to \$600 per acre, simply because they have a start, though it is pretty hot there in the summer time. But at East Whittier you can get the sea breeze every day; no need to go to the beach to keep cool, but if you want to take a dip you can drive over to Long Beach in less than two hours. There are few such locations in Southern California.

So come along quick and you can take your pick in the choicest lot of land in all the country side. Dr. Jessup with his gig, or Reed with his horse and rig. Will show you the tract and give you a free ride.

You can come to Santa Fe Springs at 8:30 on the Santa Fe, and get back to Los Angeles at 1:20. Drop a line to Dr. JESSUP, at Whittier, a day or two ahead and he will meet you at the train. Write him for full particulars, or to

A. L. REED, General Manager.

WHITTIER.

Natural • DR. HONG SOL, Physician and Surgeon.

Herb Doctor. CONSULTATION FREE.

317 S. BROADWAY, NEAR THIRD, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

DR. HONG SOL has graduated and received his diploma from the Medical schools and Universities in Canton and made his first professional practice for many years in the hospitals of Canton and Hong Kong, China. He is the sixth of a generation of doctors in his family and has made thorough studies of all diseases of the human body. The doctor has had wide experience as a physician and during his long stay of six years in Los Angeles, has made many special studies. The doctor cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Asthma, Catarrh, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Weakness, Nervous Troubles, and all diseases that the human body is heir to, by his herb medicine, freshly prepared every day. It would be a benefit to those who are in trouble with sickness to give him a fair trial; his terms are very reasonable. The doctor uses a thousand kinds of medicines which he directly imports from China. Hundreds of voluntary testimonials from patients who have been cured by this doctor can be shown at his office. Please remember the above address and preserve this advertisement.

THE PASTEUR HOSPITAL,

230 S. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

(Over Hammam Baths.)

WE TREAT SUCCESSFULLY

Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Piles, Chronic Blood and Skin Diseases, Varicella, Bladder, Liver, Throat and Lung Troubles, Seminal Emissions and all unnatural troubles on the system; Constipation, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood and all disorders of the Genito-Urinary organs.

OUR STAFF SURGEON gives every case his PERSONAL ATTENTION. No matter what your trouble is a FREE CONSULTATION may save you years of suffering.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

In charge of an eminent Specialist, with years of experience in treating the delicate disorders of women. All matters, whether by mail or in person, sacredly confidential.

MEDICINES FREE TO PATIENTS.

OFFICE HOURS—9 a.m. to 9 p.m.; Sundays, 10 to 1 only.

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THE PASTEUR HOSP

THE ITATA LIBELS.

Both Cases Dismissed by Judge Ross.

A Decision Reviewing the Facts at Considerable Length.

The Vessel Did Not Violate the Neutrality Laws.

Counsel for the Government at Once Gave Notice and Will Take an Appeal as Soon as Possible.

In the United States District Court yesterday morning Judge Ross rendered his decision in the libel suits filed against the steamship Itata, her tackle, apparel and furniture, and the 2000 cases of rifles and ammunition, the shipment of which caused the whole trouble, ordering that both cases be dismissed in accordance with the following opinion filed therein:

THE OPINION.

These cases were tried and submitted together upon the evidence introduced in the case of the United States vs. Trumbull et al. (No. 242), so far as the same is applicable, and upon certain additional depositions. The additional testimony does not alter the facts shown in the Trumbull case further than that it shows that the Itata, before leaving Chile for California, discharged the four small cannon, together with the ammunition therefor, she had theretofore carried, and that the soldiers she took on board did not exceed twelve in number and were taken on board not to be used as soldiers but for passing coal and as stokers. It further shows that when the Itata came into the waters of the United States she had on board less than her usual complement of men and but one small brass gun, used as a signal gun, eight or ten old muskets and one small iron gun for which there was no ammunition. The additional depositions, which include the testimony of two of the officers of the United States cruiser Charleston, still more clearly shows what was before made sufficiently apparent, that in no just sense could the Itata be regarded as a ship of war at the time she came within the waters of the United States, or at any time while she remained within those waters. My views in respect to the Trumbull case I stated in the opinion delivered in the Trumbull case, and reported in the Federal Reporter of December 22, 1891 (p. 99), to which I adhere. It is enough now to state the facts found from the evidence in the present case, together with the legal conclusions, which are as follows:

In January of 1891 the steamship Itata was an ordinary merchant vessel. Early in that month she was captured in the harbor of Valparaiso, Chile, by the people then known as the Congressional party, and who were then engaged in an effort to overthrow the then established and recognized government of Chile, of which Balmaceda was the head. The Itata was by the Congressional party put in command of one of its officers and was used in their undertaking as a transport to convey troops, provisions and munitions of war, and also as a hospital ship and one in which to confine prisoners. Four small cannon were also put upon her decks, and she carried a jack and pennant. Some time prior to the following April one Trumbull came to the United States as an agent of the Congressional party and about the month of April went to the city of New York and there

bought from one of the large mercantile firms of that city dealing in such matters 5000 rifles and 2,000,000 cartridges therefor, with the intention and for the purpose of sending them to the Congressional party in Chile to use in their efforts to overthrow the Balmaceda government. The sale and purchase of the arms and ammunition was made in the usual course of trade. Trumbull caused them to be shipped by rail to San Francisco and engaged one Burt to accompany them, which he did. Arrangements had been made by Trumbull with his principals in Chile by which they were to send a vessel to the United States to get the arms and ammunition and convey them to Chile for the use of the Congressional party there. The Itata was dispatched by that party for that purpose, and was accompanied as far as Cape San Lucas by the Esmeralda, a warship then in the service of the Congressional party. Before leaving Chile the Itata discharged the four small cannon, with the ammunition therefor, that she had theretofore carried, and she retained one small gun, which she had always carried and used as a signal gun, and also eight or ten old muskets and one small iron cannon, for which there was no ammunition. At one of the clean ports the Itata took on board some soldiers, with their arms, not exceeding twelve in number; but they were taken not to be used as soldiers, but for passing coal and as stokers. At San Lucas the captain of the Esmeralda took command of the Itata, and the captain of the latter was left there in command of the Esmeralda, really in command of the Itata, and he represented to the customs officers of that port that she was an ordinary merchantman and was bound to some port on the northern coast. Before coming into the port of San Diego or into the waters of the United States the Itata had officers, Jack and pennant, the brass and iron cannon were removed from her deck and stowed in her hold, as were also the arms of the soldiers she carried on board, the forms, as well as those of the officers were removed, and all appeared in civilians' dress. At that port she laid in stores of coal and provisions, all of which were bought in the open market and some of which were marked Esmeralda. Meanwhile Trumbull had chartered a schooner, called the Robert and Minnie, in San Francisco, to take the arms and ammunition from there to a point in this judicial district, then expected to be near the island of Catalina, where she could meet the Itata and deliver them on board of her to the officers of the United States. The neutrality laws were being violated was aroused, and the Marshal of this district was directed by the Attorney-General to detain the Itata, if such was found to be the case, and, acting upon those and certain instructions from the District Attorney of this judicial district, he went on board the ship at San Diego and put a keeper in charge of her, and then went in search of the Robert and Minnie, which he did not find in the waters of the United States. Communication was, however, had between the Itata and the schooner, and a point near San Clemente Island was fixed upon as the place of meeting for the purpose of transferring the arms and ammunition from the schooner to the ship. Accordingly, the Itata, on the 6th day of May, 1891, without obtaining clearance papers, and against the protest of the keeper on board, weighed anchor and steamed out of the harbor of San Diego, with him on board, to meet the Robert and Minnie and receive the arms and ammunition. The Marshal's keeper was, however, put ashore at Point Ballast, before leaving the harbor. While

steaming out of it one or both of the Itata's cannon were brought on deck and some of the soldiers on board of her appeared in uniform. On the 9th of May the Itata and Robert and Minnie came together about a mile and a half southerly of San Clemente Island, in this judicial district, and there the arms and ammunition in question were taken from the schooner and put on board the ship in original packages, and the latter at once left with them for Chile. On September 4, 1891, the Congressional party was recognized by the Government of the United States as the established and only government of Chile. Prior to that time there had been no recognition of that party by this government other than that on March 4 the Secretary of the Navy cabled Admiral McCann, "to proceed to Valparaiso, and observe strict neutrality, and take no part in troubles between the parties further than to protect American interests." On March 26, the Secretary of the Navy cabled Admiral Brown, who had superseded Admiral McCann, "to abstain from proceedings in nature of assistance to either, that is the Balmaceda or Congressional party; that the ships of the latter were not to be treated as piratical so long as they waged war only against the Balmaceda government." On April 25 Secretary of State Blaine cabled the American Minister: "You can act as mediator with Brazilian Minister and French charge d'affaires." On May 5 Minister Egan cabled this Government: "Government of Chile and revolutionists have accepted mediation of the United States, Brazil and France most cordially; those of England and Germany declined." On May 7 Acting Secretary of State Wharton acknowledged the dispatch of Minister Egan and "expressed hope that through combined efforts of the governments in question the strife which has been going on in Chile may be speedily and happily terminated." On May 14 Acting Secretary of State Wharton cabled Minister Egan that the "French Minister reports threats to the insurgent envoys by Balmaceda," and directed that they should have ordinary treatment under a flag of truce.

From the facts found and for the reasons given in the opinion delivered in the case of the United States vs. Trumbull et al. supra, my conclusion is that the libel in each case should be dismissed, and it is so ordered.

District Judge.

Alexander Campbell, Esq., special assistant counsel for the Government, at once gave verbal notice of appeal and the matter will be taken up to the Court of Appeals as soon as possible.

N. G. C.

Battalion Drill at the Armory This Evening—A Prospective Clash.

Cos. A, C and F, N.G.C., will assemble for battalion drill at the armory this evening. It is also expected that Co. B will be in from Pasadena, while Lieut. Col. Howland of Pomona, upon whom the command of the regiment now devolves, will probably be on hand to review the troops. Otherwise ex-Col. Schreiber, in his newly-set-forth capacity of regimental drill master, will conduct the drill. It is reported that Col. Russell has signified his intention to be present also, and to assume command by virtue of the recent decision of Judge Clark, investing him with the title of Colonel, subject to orders. It is hardly probable, however, that he will attempt to issue any orders, but if he does there will surely be a clash, as the company officers, as well as enlisted men, are determined to recognize no other authority than that of the Lieutenant-colonel, acting colonel by orders from Brig.-Gen. Johnson.

TWO SMOOTH SHARPERS.

The Town Worked for All It Was Worth.

Shady Operations of Julius Ascher and Bernhard Loewy.

Their Friends Victimized Out of Several Thousand Dollars.

The Crayon Picture Fake and the Servant Girl Racket—Made Love to Women Only to Rob Them.

During the past few days the German citizens have been considerably worked up over the sudden disappearance of Julius Ascher and Bernhard Loewy. Both men have been flying high for some time past, and through their polished manners and insinuating ways they managed to get into the best German society and were two of the most popular young men in the city.

They have turned out to be smooth "fakirs," however, and a number of their victims are now anxious to have them brought back and punished, but up to date no warrants have been issued for the arrest of the sharpers.

The extent of their rascality is not known at present, but new victims are popping up daily and as near as can be learned the fellows did up their intimate friends to the tune of about \$1800, and the public at large lost through their shady transactions to the extent of several thousand dollars, while a number of servant girls all over the city were victimized.

As the operations of these sharpers date back several months, it will be necessary to give a brief history of their residence in Los Angeles.

Loewy came to this city a number of years ago and opened up business as agent and manager of the Enterprise Soap Company. He had his headquarters on Fifth street between Main and Spring streets, and soon worked up a large business. He was quite a society man, and was looked on by the Germans as one of the solid business men of the city.

Six months ago Ascher purchased a half interest in Loewy's soap business. Ascher is one of the noted German actors, and for a long time he stood at the head of the German comedians in Germany, and was a big drawing card in all the big cities. A few years ago he came to the United States, and has played in almost every large city in the German theaters.

Soon after his arrival here he organized a company of German professionals and amateurs, and he and his partner arranged to give a series of eighteen Sunday night performances. They gave two and found that it did not pay, so the contract was broken and the company paid off and discharged.

They continued in the soap business until the 1st of last January, when they closed up their business and began to work up the old crayon picture fake.

They got a lot of fine samples from a Chicago picture firm which they claimed to represent on this Coast, and in a few days they had solicitors all over town. They took orders for life-sized pictures in fine frames at the rate of \$7 apiece.

With every order the victim was called on to put up \$8.50. It is needless to say that hundreds of orders were taken, but only a few were filled. The new firm never intended to fill them when the orders were taken. As both were looked upon as honorable men they had no trouble in collecting money on all orders, as they worked principally among their friends, and it is said that dozens of victims are scattered over the city.

It is now believed that when the couple gave up the soap trade on the first of the year they decided to work the town for all it was worth and leave for parts unknown, and they have been successful.

Not only did they work the picture fake, but they borrowed money right and left, and bounced their friends every chance they got. They would borrow \$25 from a friend and promise to return it on a certain day, and, sure enough, when the time came, the money was forthcoming, but this was done simply to gain the confidence of the intended victim. In a few days after the first loan had been paid one of the fakes would call around and borrow \$50 or \$100. In this way they succeeded in rounding up their confiding friends to the extent of several hundred dollars.

Loewy, who is quite a handsome fellow, had a servant girl scheme that he worked when not operating on bigger fish. He would get acquainted with a servant girl, make love to her, and become engaged to her. As soon as he had gained her confidence he would put up a pitiful story to the effect that he was in trouble, and must have a large sum of money at once. The poor girl would get together her hard-earned pennies and turn them over to the rascal. In this way he succeeded in getting several hundred dollars in sums of from \$25 to \$50. It is hard to tell how many servant girls he is engaged to in this city, but they are not the only ones in the same boat, for several rich widows fell before his winning ways, and are out of pocket to a considerable extent.

In one case he not only won a widow's heart, but when she informed him with tears in her pretty eyes that she had no ready cash and could not borrow it on her little home, he coolly informed her that he had a friend who would let her have money on her house and lot. He went to Lokowitz, the money-lender, and negotiated a loan of \$400 for the widow, and as soon as the money was paid into her hands he borrowed \$200 of it and carried it off.

A young fellow named Wild came down from San Francisco to look for work. He had \$100 and as soon as he fell in with the sharpers they borrowed his little all under a promise that they would secure him a fine position in a few days. He had nothing to live on and he kindly let him have \$30 of his \$100 back in small sums.

A few days before they skipped they ordered a couple of suits made at Bellman's, which they got and never paid for. They got Charles Schalkoff, the barber, to indorse their note for \$25,

and they borrowed \$10 in cash from him. E. C. Schnabel let them have \$50 in cash and went on several notes, which he will have to pay. A couple of days before leaving they visited several cigar stores and purchased boxes of cigars. The day they left they sold their horse and buggy for \$15, which shows that they were in a hurry to get out of town for some reason. Ascher, who has a fine stage wardrobe, shipped it to St. Louis, Mo., over the Santa Fe, and their trunks were also shipped to that place. They are German Jews and are the smoothest rascals who ever operated in this city.

WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS.

A Little Sacrament Aneat the World's Fair Lady Commissioner.

At the regular meeting of the Woman Suffrage Club Tuesday afternoon, March 1, 1892, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, "the winter of their discontent" seems to have fallen upon the various clubs and associations of the feminine population of this city, creating strife and contention among them, and awakening in their minds the dormant idea that they have rights and that those rights have been invaded; and

WHEREAS, the Woman Suffrage Association with valorous discretion scented the battle afar, and its members, like war-worn veterans, with the feminine population of this city, creating strife and contention among them, and awakening in their minds the dormant idea that they have rights and that those rights have been invaded; and

Resolved, that we, as an association, offer our sincerest felicitations that these same are to be represented in the World's Fair Commission.

Resolved, that we offer our congratulations to the Chamber of Commerce that they have not "annexed" to themselves women who are "strong-minded" enough to demand "equality before the law."

Resolved, that we felicitate the wine industry of Los Angeles county that its lady commissioner has no foolish notions about wine being a mocker, etc.

Resolved, that we congratulate Hon. L. J. Rose upon his remarkable perspicacity in choosing one to represent the women of his county who is "sans peur, sans reproche!"

Resolved, that we congratulate the lady commissioner upon her bravery. Never before did we so well realize the full import of the old adage "None but the brave deserve the (World's) Fair."

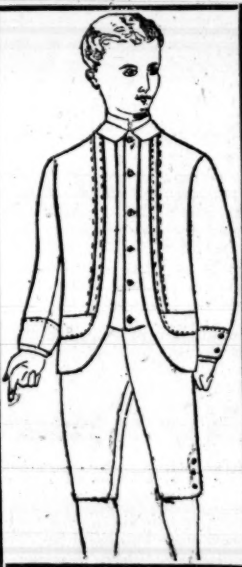
Resolved, that we congratulate all the feminine clubs of this city for their wonderful unanimity in this affair, and, as their object is "not reform, but education," we trust that in the near future they will be well the subject of their sex and their country's welfare.

Resolved, that we congratulate the press of Los Angeles on its recent evolution of space into forensic matter.

Resolved, that we extend congratulations to our beloved city that no greater calamity than a slight earthquake shock has befallen it while this wordy war has raged, and may the sunshine of peace soon smile on its minarets and towers, frescoing them with the couleur de rose.

EUCALYPTA EXTRACT for insomnia, throat affections, general weakness, nervousness; safe and efficient.

WE LOOK



Boys' Clothing

Is a particular hobby with us. We make it our business to study the wants of this community, and our long experience entitles us to say

We Know What You Want.

OUR Spring Goods

Are Now Ready for Sale!

And We Can Please the Most Fastidious!
ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES!

Are on our counters. We call attention to our large selection of CHILDREN'S .. VESTIE .. SUITS!

In all the latest shades, and trimmed up in the most tasty and nobby manner.

\$5.00

Is a very popular price, and for this sum we show in the different styles, including Vestie Suits, at least 50 styles. Suits with double knees and double seat are also in our stock at this price, made up of splendid wearing material. For

\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00

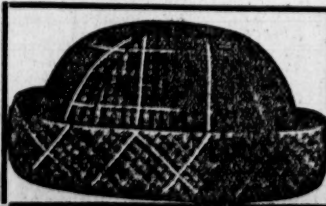
We claim we can beat any house in the city for values and good patterns, and when it comes to the better grades we show, as usual, the very choicest styles and best makes. See our windows!

BOYS' HATS!

Yesterday we received our stock of Straw Hats for Boys, and we are more than pleased with the styles. They will not be on sale for a while yet, but we take this opportunity to inform the ladies that our stock outdoes all previous seasons. We have

HATS FROM 25c up to \$2.00

And also novelties in Sailors and Children's Straw Caps.



OLD LADY.—"Defer, what do you think is the trouble with Willie?"
DOCTOR.—"Why, madame, the best thing you can do with your boy is to take him to the London Clothing Company and get him a nice warm suit that will do more good than medicine."



Here is little Willie after we supplied him with one of our nobby suits. He is taking the cake.

For the Big Boys

—RANGING FROM—

13 to 18 Years of Age.

OUR Spring Stock!

CONTAINS

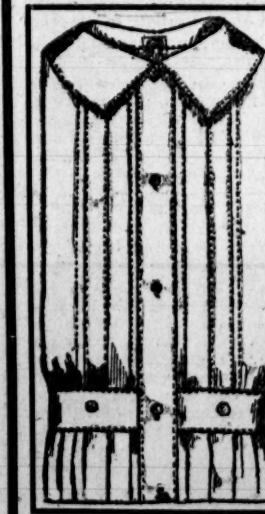
Many Choice Styles!



The latest shades of Tans and Browns, nobby Scotch Cheviots, and, of course, a number of old standby shades in plain and mixed greys; also Black Cheviots.

POPULAR -- PRICES!

And honest treatment have made our Boys' Department deservedly popular. Our trade is steadily growing; old customers bring new ones with them. WE INVITE THE LADIES OF Los Angeles to inspect our new goods, asking their patronage only on the merits of our goods, claiming that we have well-made and stylish clothing at the most popular prices.



BOYS' WAISTS

Our stock of Boys' Waists include the

Mother's Friend Brand

and Star Waists,

—ALSO—

Blouse Waists!

And a number of styles in Black Sateen

Cheviot, Flannelette for

25c, 40c, 50c and 75c

You find a good selection.

See Our Window Display of Spring Goods

.. STRICTLY ONE PRICE! ..

LONDON CLOTHING -- CO.,

Corner Spring and Temple-sts.

LONDON CLOTHING -- CO.,

Corner Spring and Temple-sts.



PASADENA.

Remarks Pertaining to the Treatment of Consumption

As Applicable to the Proposed Public Hospital.

Terminal Railroad Magnates Inspect the Altadena Line.

The Local News Briefly Summed Up—Personal Items of Interest—Progress in the Sewer Matter—Brevities.

[Branch office, No. 50 East Colorado street, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

The recent rich discoveries of Drs. Pasteur and Koch upon the subject of tuberculosis have given fresh impetus to the theme, and public interest naturally is attracted to this subject, especially in Pasadena, where so many people come to find relief from pulmonary troubles and where a public hospital is soon to be established for the special benefit of this class of patients.

The experience of the medical faculty who have made consumption a study has shown that nowhere can the necessary daily regulations of the patient's life and habits be so successfully carried out as in a hospital, and the most favorable results in combating the disease have been obtained in institutions devoted to this special purpose. Although this has been a well-known fact for some years, yet the question of establishing special hospitals for the treatment of consumption has not until recently attracted any attention in this country, owing, probably, to a popular notion that consumption of the lungs is incurable. Medical men, however, now say that there is a period in the history of most cases of consumption when the incipient disease may be arrested and health recovered. To attain this end, the patient must be in a place where the mind may be relieved of all care, and proper medical treatment administered before the opportunity for improvement passes.

As the disease now exists in this country, it is most destructive of all the ills that flesh is heir to. About 100,000 persons die yearly of consumption in the United States, and for each one who dies in any other country, in Germany and Great Britain consumptive hospitals have been in operation for some time past, and in almost every country where the disease is prevalent, hospitals devoted especially to this class of patients have long been established. A careful study of the mortality returns in England during the last few years, since such institutions have been in operation, warrants the conclusion that there has been a reduction in the mortality from tuberculosis during that time of at least 50 per cent, and that in any country where there has been in the general mortality is largely due to the reduction in the mortality from tuberculosis. It is also stated that the reduction in mortality from consumption in England is in direct ratio to the increase in the special hospitals for its treatment, and that no such marked reduction has occurred in any other class of diseases.

These facts forcibly illustrate Pasadena's possibilities in this direction. The city is recognized not only as a most beautiful residence place and as the fruit and agricultural center of this section, but as a health resort as well, especially for those whose lungs are more or less affected. The far-reaching effects of a hospital, where for a nominal sum patients in indigent circumstances can receive the best of medical treatment, will be felt all over the city, and this philanthropic move on the part of some of the representative citizens will receive its due reward.

TENDERNESS WONDER. Why seeklings for comfort on the shady side of the street and parasols are carried across the way where the sun strikes.

Why people can sit in a cold room without a fire and not take cold as easily as in more northern latitudes.

How it is that the attitude of the Raymond is no higher than that of the business center of town and that water seems, at least, to run up hill.

Why the earthquake do not scare the people and cause them to move East, as one lady did after one night's shaking. The Californian, used to this kind of lullaby, only says: "Whoop her up; that's nothing."

At the decoration of a business-house window—three kittens, some suspended corks and Indian baskets for the amusement of the felines as well as the passers-by. In another window a beautiful California "rose tree," as a lady called it, in full bloom, with glossy leaves and no thorns. "A rose without a thorn," even a "carnelia," might have been just as sweet.

At the pets of a little city lad, consisting of a dog, cat, white rat, a black pig, a duck and a hen with a brood of chickens, the strange combination mingling together most harmoniously.

At apples and potatoes being sold by the pound, vegetables almost given away and strawberries and watermelons eaten under the shadows of snow-capped mountains.

How the natives of the "tamale," drink the juice of cacti—and live.

That California allows her historic missions to crumble in ruins and be desecrated by being set apart for use as stables.

VENTURA NEWS. The terminal road magnates, in company with members of the Pasadena Improvement Company, from whom they expect to purchase the Altadena road, and Prof. T. S. C. Lowe, who is the principal backer of a road to the top of Mt. Wilson, which will start from a point near the terminus of the Altadena road, a trip was made yesterday morning in a special train over this branch. The St. Louis stockholders, whose first priority in this was this section, expressed themselves as highly pleased with the condition of the road and the section of country through which it runs. On the way to Los Angeles a short stop was made at Pasadena, the special leaving here at 11 o'clock. The Glendale branch was then inspected, after which the visiting capitalists returned to the Raymond, which has been their headquarters for several days past.

PASADENA BREVITIES. The Odd Fellows met last night. The band met for practice yesterday evening.

The weather yesterday was bright and pleasant. Visitors continue to flock to town in large numbers.

A meeting of the Eastern Star was held last night.

A whist tournament will be held tonight at the Pickwick Club rooms.

Attend the citrus fair and thereby manifest your interest in the home exhibit.

be closed on Sunday in compliance with the restrictions of the new county liquor ordinance.

A party of young Pasadenians attended the theater in Los Angeles on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. J. W. Banbury's floral display at the citrus fair yesterday attracted a great deal of attention.

Prof. John Dickinson lectured yesterday evening on the "Geology of the Stars" in the chapel of Theosophical Institute.

C. O. Thompson will be one of the speakers before the Farmers' Institute, which is in session in Los Angeles this week.

The members of John F. Godfrey W.R.C. will serve a luncheon dinner today at Williams Hall, beginning at 11:30 o'clock.

A meeting of the Shakespeare Club will be held this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Lieut. Chase, on North Marengo avenue.

At the Methodist Tabernacle last night an interesting entertainment was given by the King's Daughters. There was a good-sized audience present.

The hills and valleys have been transformed to an emerald hue during the past month. The country presents a surpassingly beautiful view at present.

Miss Hurlbut's, Wednesday evening, Mr. O. Stewart Taylor delighted the guests present with several solos, and Miss Hurlbut also sang most creditably.

The exhibition of the Pasadena Art Loan Association in the Vetterly & Kayser Block is meeting with a liberal patronage. The profits will go to the public library.

A mammoth cauliflower that was raised on Councilman James Clark's ranch is on exhibition at Colorado street fair. It caused the eyes of an Easterner to open wide with astonishment.

An adjourned meeting of the City Council was held yesterday morning, at which time some important decisions of a favorable character were reached touching on the question of reaching the sewer main.

Frank J. Polley and George Sverdrup have returned from a bicycle trip through the southern part of the State. They pushed their wheels as far as San Diego, and the trip would have extended into Mexico had it not been for the rain.

Late arrivals at Hotel Green include: Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hamburg, Miss Frances Gorman, Chicago; Richard R. Retz, Hamburg; Rube Cohen, J. Haskill, San Francisco; J. P. O'Neill, Yuba City; Lattie M. Cassell, Denver; J. M. Studebaker, South Bend, Ind.

A "backstop" in the shape of a high board fence was erected yesterday on the baseball grounds. Other improvements are being made on the grounds. Tomorrow a game will be played by two local nines which contain a number of good players. It is safe to predict an exciting match.

Pasadena's exhibit at the citrus fair is a highly creditable one and attracts much attention. The local committee in charge, composed of M. H. Weight, R. Williams, J. W. Banbury, Calvin Hartwell and James S. C. Lowe, are entitled to the hearty thanks of the community for getting it into proper shape.

A great treat is evidently in store for those who attend Dr. Spaulding's lecture tonight at the Universalist Church. The stereoscopic views are said to be of unusual excellence and beauty, and the lecture itself is commended for the interesting and valuable information it imparts, as well as for the oratorical power and vivid word pictures of the speaker. One critic says: "It is the perfection of lecturing, the eye and ear both at work for the good result."

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

The Entertainment for the Benefit of the Public Kindergarten.

It Was a Success Both from an Artistic and Financial Standpoint—The Law Library Open—Briefs and Personal.

[Branch office, No. 713 State street, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

The entertainment given at the opera-house for the public kindergarten was a pronounced success. The evening's entertainment consisted of living pictures from famous paintings. The tableaux were studied and arranged. The most striking were "For Men Must Work and Women Must Weep," representing the lone fisherman's life looking out over the sea, portrayed by Miss Eaton of Montecito, and "The Witch's Dilemma," portrayed by Mrs. W. W. Wilcox. The negro waiting-woman, powdering her face like madam, was truly portrayed by Mrs. George Edwards.

At the decoration of the famous artists of the St. Nicholas Magazine, worked for many days for the success of the entertainment, and it is through her efforts, with the assistance of those who took part, that the little children will have a public kindergarten. Mrs. Howard, who is ever ready to assist charity and who has for some years taken much interest in the public kindergarten, was of great assistance.

THE LAW LIBRARY. The county law library, consisting of the West Publishing Company's report system and the exception of the Supreme Court reports and New York supplement) has been placed on the shelves, labeled, and was on Wednesday ready for the use of subscribers. The dues have been fixed by the board of trustees at \$1 per month. Members of the bar have already paid their dues for the month of March, and it is expected that many members will come in when it is known that the library is ready for use.

A PLEASANT VISITOR. In an interview with an Eastern gentleman who has come to Santa Barbara to reside, the following remarks were made: "I have visited all of Southern California and was particularly impressed with the wealth of Orange, Los Angeles, Ventura and Santa Barbara counties, richness of the soil and the natural resources." He spoke of the city of Los Angeles as being progressive and substantial. In speaking of its architectural characteristics he said: "The architect has shown more skill and artistic taste than we generally find in the business houses of a city yet in its infancy."

He spoke in warm terms of praise of the citrus location Santa soil of Santa Barbara, where he has bought property to make a home.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES. Mrs. Thomas B. Dibble has gone to San Francisco.

Mrs. S. N. Wade of Montecito went to Los Angeles yesterday morning to take in the citrus fair.

William M. Eddy, president of the Santa Barbara County National Bank, returned today from Los Angeles.

The services on Ash Wednesday at the Parochial, the Mission and Episcopal churches were largely attended.

The Pacific Coast Steamship's Ticket Agency is temporarily occupying the room formerly occupied by the "Kaukau."

The steamship Santa Rosa arrived Wednesday afternoon from San Francisco with twenty-four passengers for this port.

The young man, Ramon Espinosa, arrested Wednesday for forgery, is not yet 15 years old. He signed to a check for \$20 the name of his employer, L. G. Dreyfus. He only secured \$4 on the check.

At the citrus fair and thereby manifest your interest in the home exhibit.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

A Sad Tragedy Reported from the Desert.

The Dead Body of John Cooley Found Near Danby.

Supposed to Have Taken His Life While Temporarily Insane.

Interesting Budgets from Riverside, Redlands and Other Points—Almost a Fatal Fire—News Notes and Personal.

SAN BERNARDINO.

[Branch office at Stewart Hotel newsstand, where news, advertisements and orders for THE TIMES are received.]

News was received here yesterday morning by wire from Danby, about 180 miles east of here in the desert, that John Cooley, brother of George M. Cooley and others of this city, had been found dead at the top of his head blown off, and it is thought that was the act of his own hand, as he had become insane over what was thought to be a rich ore deposit discovered by him just before the holidays. He was examined, committed to the asylum and recovered so rapidly that upon the entreaties of his relatives he was released and seemed to be perfectly well. About ten days ago he determined to go again to his mine in the desert, and nothing could dissuade him from going. Although he seemed perfectly well his friends and relatives dreaded to see him go. It is thought the excitement over the mine again brought on the malady from which he had been suffering, and that he then took his life.

John Cooley, as he was familiarly known, Jack Cooley, was 35 years old, a member of a large family, leaves a wife and several children, his mother, father, brothers and sisters. He was a native of California, somewhat eccentric, but good-hearted and whole-souled, and greatly beloved by his fellow-men. He was deputy sheriff under John A. Travers, and was a good property interest valued at about \$20,000, and was in good financial circumstances. Beverly Born went with him to his mining claim.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES. Miss Florence Foster has departed for the East to reside there.

There are rumors of a number of marriages to occur soon.

S. R. Utter is setting an acre of peach trees on his place this year.

Yesterday a party of about 150 prospectors of more or less to come.

Charles Meier left yesterday for Agua Caliente, Mexico, to engage in mining near the City of Mexico.

About 900 shade trees in variety have been set in the new city cemetery by Superintendent James E. Mack.

John Schuyler, formerly a resident of this place, but now of Oceanide, is in the city shaking hands all around.

The Morris Bros. are shipped to C. T. Adams, Phoenix, Ariz., peach and apricot trees for planting fifty acres of land.

G. W. Taylor of Ogdenburg, N. Y., who has been spending some time interviewing this region, returned last night to his home via the Southern Pacific.

Judge W. B. Cope, who has been here for three weeks upon the bench of Judge Campbell hearing the Bustamante-Stockman case, left yesterday for his home at Santa Barbara.

It is proposed to establish a branch of the Ancient Order of Foresters of America in this place, and C. H. Bruner, the secretary of the order, will arrive tomorrow for that purpose.

John Haggan, known among his associates as Rubber Neck, was tried before Justice Knox yesterday for a revolting deed, found guilty and sentenced to six months in the County Jail.

That part of the sidewalk on Court street filled in during the grading was made so muddy by the recent rains as to be impassable. The city engineers are now at work to place it in better condition.

F. R. Keyes of Barstow, well known in this city, and Miss Mollie Richards of San Diego were married Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. W. W. Wilcox.

REDLANDS. At the regular session of the City Trustees Wednesday evening a petition was received from the Y.M.C.A. asking that Cajon street between the intersection of Orange street and Citrus avenue be closed. By crossing the corner of the block diagonally a triangular piece of land of about 1-16 or less of an acre, lying between Cajon and Orange streets, and Citrus avenue, is left, which had been deeded to the city by Mr. Judson for the placing of a public fountain. The Methodist Episcopal Church people own the property abutting on Cajon street on the southwest and agree to the closing of the street. The proposition of the Y.M.C.A. is to have the street closed and then purchase the ground from the city and erect thereon a fine building with business offices on the first floor and the Y.M.C.A. rooms above. Should the project be successful it will give a fine block at the southern end of the business portion of the city as now constituted, but will do away with the small open square upon which it was proposed to erect a public fountain.

The Santa Fe people presented a remonstrance against the city granting a franchise to the Southern Pacific giving this road the right-of-way through Park avenue. The remonstrance was tabled and the ordinance granting the franchise taken up and passed by an unanimous vote. This gives the Southern Pacific all that has been asked of the city.

A property owner along the south side of Citrus avenue presented to the city deeds to ten feet off the front of their property for the purpose of widening the street and the deeds were accepted by the city. H. H. Ford has shown more skill and artistic taste than we generally find in the business houses of a city yet in its infancy.

He spoke in warm terms of praise of the citrus location Santa soil of Santa Barbara, where he has bought property to make a home.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES. Mrs. Thomas B. Dibble has gone to San Francisco.

Mrs. S. N. Wade of Montecito went to Los Angeles yesterday morning to take in the citrus fair.

William M. Eddy, president of the Santa Barbara County National Bank, returned today from Los Angeles.

The services on Ash Wednesday at the Parochial, the Mission and Episcopal churches were largely attended.

The Pacific Coast Steamship's Ticket Agency is temporarily occupying the room formerly occupied by the "Kaukau."

The steamship Santa Rosa arrived Wednesday afternoon from San Francisco with twenty-four passengers for this port.

The young man, Ramon Espinosa, arrested Wednesday for forgery, is not yet 15 years old. He signed to a check for \$20 the name of his employer, L. G. Dreyfus. He only secured \$4 on the check.

At the citrus fair and thereby manifest your interest in the home exhibit.

A meeting of the Eastern Star was held last night.

A whist tournament will be held tonight at the Pickwick Club rooms.

Attend the citrus fair and thereby manifest your interest in the home exhibit.

Prof. O. Stewart Taylor will open a school of opera in Los Angeles some time soon.

George F. Peabody has closed out his business here and will remove to Satcoy.

The baseball enthusiasts will have a chance to air their lungs tomorrow afternoon.

Arroyo Tequesquite. It is one of the old orange groves of this place, and a good one.

The La Crosse Club is showing signs of life. At a meeting Wednesday evening a field captain was selected in the person of R. F. Strang.

The new daily paper made its appearance Wednesday evening. It is called "The Riverside Daily," and has C. W. Fleming's name at the top with Charles Holt for editor.

The private car of Kendall B. Lamborne, land agent of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, is at the Santa Fe station, and Mr. Lamborne is the guest of D. L. Wilbur of this city.

John Senicle and wife, of the Queen restaurant, have been arrested again for selling liquor without a license. They have furnished the beverage to guests at meals. The trial is set for Saturday.

There were three more arrests yesterday of young men for gambling, and a fine of \$15 each was imposed by Judge Noland. The officers are doing a good work in bringing these evil-doers to account.

The tall eucalyptus tree which has been so prominent a landmark at the corner of Ninth and Main streets has come to grief. It was so badly decayed about the base that it blew down Wednesday afternoon.

The Riverside Banking Company has completed the arrangements for the purchase of the Lyon Block, corner Eighth and Main streets, and it is said a banking business of the company will be put into a building to be erected here.

RIALTO. There is to be a great deal of plowing done in this young and aspiring colony, as it has been shown beyond a doubt that this place lies within the borders of the best fruit belt. Among those who will plant five acres to grapes, one to olives and another to deciduous trees in variety, B. E. Sibbey has purchased the trees for setting five acres of Kelsey and Red Egg plums. Tibbels brothers will also set five acres of the same variety. A. L. Wright has arranged for planting five acres of Kelsey plums and Capt. Williams two of Red Egg plums. Calvin G. Patten puts out five acres of Muscatels, and many others will do some planting.

POMONA. The Albert Cohn Saloon-visiting Case Again Postponed.

Regular Weekly Meeting of the City Council—Street Work Ordered—Initiatory Steps to Secure Electric Lighting.

[The Times branch office for Pomona is with C. H. Marshall & Co., where news items, advertisements and subscriptions are received.]

The case of the city vs. Albert Cohn for violation of ordinance 80 in visiting a saloon came up before Judge Morton yesterday morning, and was again postponed, this time till March 17, on account of the illness of Judge Morton.

CITY COUNCIL. The City Council held a regular meeting Tuesday night. The protest against closing the street in Rhorer's subdivision was read, and the petition for closing the street was set aside. A petition was also filed for closing several streets near North Pomona, and resolution passed in accordance with the petition.

J. A. Gallup was added to the Committee on Street Lighting.

This is probably an initiatory step toward getting the city lighted with electricity. The gas lamps have not been satisfactory, and the contract made between the gas company and city has run out long since. The bill of the company against the city is \$112 monthly, and the city is not willing to pay so much. The matter was discussed, but the city has not yet made any contract with the electric light company.

Dr. Coates then declared the offices of Policemen Eards and Hall vacated, after which it adjourned.

POMONA BREVITIES. George Jess is ill at his home on Ellen street.

Dr. Coates entertained a party of invited guests at lunch Wednesday.

W. H. Griffith and wife of Toledo, who have been in the city for two months, left yesterday for Pasadena.

The Kerckhoff-Cuzner Mill and Lumber Company received a car of lumber, and J. H. Graber a car of four, yesterday.

The Unitarian Church is getting up *Andy Blake and the Love of a Lover*, and will give an entertainment at the opera-house in a short time.

R. H. Monger and family, who have been visiting in this city for the past two months, started for their home in Cleveland, O., yesterday.

Yosemite contributes well to the citrus fair in the way of visitors. Over one hundred tickets were sold at the Southern Pacific office alone yesterday.

The regular meeting of the Board of Trade will be held Monday night. Some important business is before the board and a full attendance is expected.

The Electric Light Company has furnished most of the business houses with the inside fittings, and the men are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the current.

G. E. Tucker, Chicago; Ed C. Van Husean and wife, William H. Murphy and Miss Segena Murphy of Detroit and Michigan, and P. M. Reed of Chicago are at the Palomares.

J. C. Beedy and family, who have been spending the winter with C. C. Morse, started for their home in Windsor, Mo., Wednesday. They were highly pleased with Pomona.

VENTURA COUNTY.

The Early Saloon-closing Ordinance—Talk of a Boulevard—News Notes.

A special meeting of the town board was held Wednesday night to take some action on the early-closing ordinance, which had been violated of late. The marshal had sought to have Cey and Glasgow arrested, but could not get warrants. The meeting Wednesday night was to determine if these two cases should be prosecuted, and it was decided that they should. The attorney said that he did not think the cases were worth the conviction, and others thought that the cases should be ignored, and wait until a case could be brought which was reasonably clear. The attorney will at once proceed against a few violators, and the chances are that a big case will grow out of it.

TALK OF A BOULEVARD. The Supervisors have taken favorably to a proposition to build a boulevard from Ventura to Northridge along the creek road. It is proposed to widen the road and pave it with crushed rock, and as it winds along under live oak trees the greater part of the distance it will, without question, be the finest drive in the State.

FAVORABLE TO NICARAGUA CANAL. The Supervisors have appointed Gen. Vandever as a committee from this county to attend a convention called to meet at San Francisco March 29 to devise ways and means to assist in building the Nicaragua Canal. There is much interest in its completion in this county, the farmers feeling that if it were built it would add considerably to the value of their products by decreasing freight rates to the Atlantic seaboard.

VENTURA BREVITIES. S. S. Sheppard of Hueneque has gone to Fort Worth, Tex., to reside.

G. W. Chrisman will not apply for an electric street car franchise until the 1st of April.

Lima beans are still going down in price, but \$1.50@1.60 is now paid. Small white beans \$2.40@2.50.

A heavy rain fell throughout this county Tuesday and Wednesday. Over an inch of rainfall is recorded.

Creditors of J. L. Argabrite have filed a petition asking the court to adjudge him an insolvent debtor.

ORANGE COUNTY.

Meeting of the National Republican Club.

The Necessity of United Action Urged on the Members.

Talk of a Match Race Between Silkwood and McKinney.

An Event That Would Prove a Great Attraction to Horsemen—Orange Notes—Briefs and Personal.

SANTA ANA.

[Branch office at No. 306 West Fourth street, where subscriptions and advertisements are taken.]

The National Republican Club held its first regular meeting in the county offices room Wednesday evening, at which the following business was transacted:

The matter of securing permanent rooms for the holding of all meetings of the club was proposed, and upon motion a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. G. H. Mosbaugh, J. S. Pittman and J. A. Hankey, was appointed by the chair.

The necessity of united action on the part of the Republicans of the county was spoken of, and, to assist in bringing about such results, a motion was made and carried that all members of the Central Committee from the various voting precincts in the county be considered members of the National Republican Club of Santa Ana, and that they be empowered to appoint any other members they desire to assist in the organization of clubs in their own precincts.

A committee of five, consisting of J. B. Fennessy, G. E. Foster, M. A. Yarnell, J. C. Nichols and E. A. White, was appointed on membership, and to collect initiation fees and dues and turn the same over to the treasurer.

On motion a request was made by the club that all members of the Central Committee be present at the next meeting, and that J. A. Hankey, C. F. and T. C. Mansur be a committee to see to it.

George Taylor, president of the Union League, tendered the club the use of the League hall for their next meeting, and the same was accepted.

The secretary was instructed to secure a hall for the stationery race between Silkwood, the pride of Orange county, and Charles Durfee's McKinney, of Los Angeles county. So far the owners of both horses have issued challenges, but neither have been accepted. Mr. Wilbur, the owner of Silkwood, is in the East, but will be home in about ten days, and then arrangements will probably be made between the two parties who think he can race a mile in much less time than he ever has done yet in public.

If the race is made between these two horses it will be the greatest event in sports circles in the history of the county. Silkwood is near the hearts of the people of Orange county, and great is the faith of many who think he can race a mile in much less time than he ever has done yet in public.

BODY FOUND AT CAPISTRANO. Marshal Nichols received the following telegram from Capistrano at 3 o'clock last evening: "Conductor of No. 33 reports finding the body of a man on the beach between San Juan and San Mateo Point. Limbs all gone except one arm. The body now lies about 100 feet north of bridge No. 65. Notify authorities of Orange county."

Coroner Ky was telephoned in about 10 o'clock, and arrangements were made to go down on the Santa Fe train this morning and get the remains. No information other than the above telegram has been received.

The body is said to be that of a man in the ocean for weeks or months and that it has just washed ashore.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION. The regular monthly meeting of the Santa Ana Loan and Building Association was held Wednesday evening, at which the usual routine business was transacted. The annual statement handed THE TIMES representative shows the association to be in a most prosperous condition. The second report of stock has been issued and a small monthly assessment was levied toward the close of the year by the board of directors to pay the running expenses of the association, and thereby hasten the maturity of the stock. The undivided profits on January 1, 1892, were almost double the profits on the same date of 1891, thus showing a very rapid growth of the business of the association.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES. J. C. Williamson of San Pedro was in the city yesterday.



There will be an entertainment at the Normal school this evening for the benefit of the Y.M.C.A. of the school.

About a dozen drunks and tramps were disposed of in Justice Owens' department of the Police Court yesterday.

It was Principal Ennis, of the public schools, who called for Miss Henry's warrant, and not Councilman Innes.

Tom Thomas, the negro who was charged with the embezzlement of a water and was tried by Justice Austin day before yesterday, was discharged yesterday.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for J. Rose, Alvin Slingerland, Miss Horton, Edwin W. Lucas, J. S. Huey, Mr. Slavatorsky.

If the lady whose daughter was returned home lately from San Diego will communicate with F. Vandever, San Diego, she will hear something to her advantage from an honorable gentleman.

One of the good signs of the season is the marked activity in the real estate market. The transfers of realty average about forty-five per day, and not more than 35 per cent. of these are nominal.

East Los Angeles people interested in forming a court of Forestry on the East Side will hold an open meeting at Hayden's Hall, No. 210 Downey avenue, tonight at 8 o'clock. After the meeting a new court will be constituted.

Rev. Dr. Brezee, with his force of evangelists, will be at Pico Heights Methodist Episcopal Church this evening, and will hold services at 10:30 a.m., 2:30 and 7:30 p.m. on Saturday, and at 11 a.m., 3 and 7:30 p.m. on Sunday. Ministers and Christian workers of the city are requested to attend the meetings.

Benard Castillo, one of the Mexicans who was mixed up in a disgraceful row in a low joint on Aliso street ten days ago and beat old man named Francisco Trajillo over the head with a six-shooter, was tried by a jury in Justice Owens' court yesterday and convicted. He will be sentenced tomorrow. His bail was set at \$300.

A few days ago the oil well in Ventura county, belonging to Meyer Lewis and Mark Jones of Los Angeles, began to spout at the rate of 250 barrels a day. The well was down 805 feet and is still drilling, although the oil is spouting eighteen or twenty feet above the casing. It has cost the owners \$11,000 so far, but they feel well repaid.

Thomas D. Stimson has just bought the beautiful orange grove property situated on the south side of Adams street, between Main and Grand avenues. He may reserve a portion of this property to be used as a site for a brown-stone front for one of his sons, and sell the balance off, it having been necessary to buy the whole property in order to get such a building site as he wanted.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

The Weather.
U. S. WEATHER OFFICE, LOS ANGELES, March 3, 1892.—At 5:07 a.m. the barometer registered 30.28; at 9 a.m. 30.27. Thermometer for corresponding hours showed 47° and 66°. Maximum temperature, 63°; minimum temperature, 46°. Character of weather, partly cloudy.

Napa Soda at Wollcott's, 134 N. Spring. Dewey's 25 cabinet photos reduced to \$3.50. Campbell's Curio Store, No. 323 South Spring street.

Lehman, the ticket broker, has moved to No. 217 South Spring. Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica, is now open for the tourist season.

J. W. Roads, as trustee, will reopen the grocery business of Seymour & Johnson Company. See ad.

The Boston Railroad Photo Car is making more pictures than all the other Los Angeles galleries combined and charging but \$1 per dozen.

In connection with the special revival services, which are being conducted at the First Methodist Episcopal Church in this city, Rev. Dr. Phelps will preach tonight. Everybody is welcome.

Parents have now an opportunity of getting first-class cabinet photographs of their children for \$1 per dozen. Ordinarily they would be obliged to pay from \$5.00 to \$5 for work not as good. They can get photo-graphs now of their family for about what it would cost under other circumstances for one person. Is it not a mistake to neglect such a chance? The Boston R. R. Photo Car will remain here but a few days longer.

"Santa Fe route," from the mid Pacific to the Atlantic. We run tourist sleeping cars without change in our excursions from Los Angeles to Boston via the Santa Fe route, and each excursion has on board one of our agents, who will take pleasure in looking after our patrons. You will save time and expense by calling at the city office, 129 North Spring street, or at the First street station, and purchase your ticket by the "old reliable Santa Fe" route through car service (without change).

PERSONALS.
O. N. Cadwell of Carpinteria is in town during the fair.

Among the San Diego people in the city are Hon. D. M. Hammack and Eugene E. Capps.

THE CARNEGIE PARTY.
The Famous Iron Manufacturer and Cornell's President in the City.

A notable party, in the private car "Jolanteh," came in from San Diego and visited Los Angeles yesterday morning. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie; ex-President Andrew D. White of Cornell University; Charles S. Smith, president of the New York Chamber of Commerce; Miss Whitfield, a sister of Mrs. Carnegie; Miss Brown, a schoolmate; Mr. Lindsey, Mr. Carnegie's private secretary; Mr. and Mrs. Alexander King and H. C. Frick, one of Mr. Carnegie's partners, and John W. Vandervort. The party visited the citrus fair, drove about the city a short time and at 2 p.m. started northward by the Southern Pacific.

The visitors stopped but a day in San Diego, and only a few hours in Los Angeles, giving no chance for Southern California friends to provide entertainment, which they would gladly have done. Mr. Carnegie says the trip is one of pleasure only, as he has no intention of extending his great business interests to this Coast.

Citrus Fair.
Friends and customers are invited to call on Hawley, King & Co., 164 North Los Angeles street, dealers in vehicles and farm implements, or at their branch carriage repository, 210 North Main street, and secure a free ticket to the Citrus Fair.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 2, 1892.
E. E. Overholzer, Esq., Special Agent Covenant Mutual Benefit Association, Los Angeles, Cal.—My Dear Sir: I hereby gratefully acknowledge the payment in full of my claim for \$2000, account of insurance on life of my son, the late William H. Gault, who held policy No. 3276 in your company, for the prompt payment of which just two weeks after proof of his death were sent the company. Let me assure you of my most sincere appreciation and thanks.
Respectfully,
HESTER E. GAULT.

Notice.
Our friends and customers are invited to call at our store, 164 North Los Angeles street, and receive a free ticket to the Citrus Fair, as we have purchased a quantity of them for our customers.
HAWLEY, KING & CO.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REV. BEN OLLIE.

A Statement Regarding His Demand for a Burial Fee.

On Tuesday morning last THE TIMES published in its San Bernardino news an item to the effect that Rev. Ben Ollie, the Episcopal minister at that place, had called on a bereaved family and presented a bill of \$20 for officiating at a funeral, and that when the amount was not paid wrote a threatening letter and also referred to the matter from the pulpit.

Late Wednesday night a letter was received from Rev. Ben Ollie, containing the following:

You will see by my letter in today's Courier within that the paragraph in your issue of yesterday reflecting on myself is a malicious fabrication from end to end. The only truth in it is that I performed the burial service of my church on a lady who was a perfect stranger to me at the request of her husband, who is not a member of my church; that my services have never been acknowledged in the customary way, and that I have been grossly insulted and falsely maligning by the friends of the lady I buried.

The letter referred to is a column and a half in length and is devoted principally to the editor of the Kaleidoscope, a San Bernardino newspaper, with whom the reverend gentleman seems to have some personal controversy, judging from the tone of the communication. After giving in detail the circumstances connected with the burial, and denying that he asked for his fee when he called afterward to pay the usual visit of condolence, explaining, however, that the head of the family was out at the time, Mr. Ben Ollie continues:

It is simply untrue that I asked my fee on that occasion; but when two or three days passed and Mr. Waters did not himself call on me, I did, on a second visit, when again I found him out, leave word that I wished to see him about my fee. Subsequently I saw Mr. Waters at his office. He asked me what the usual fee was. I told him there was no fixed fee in this country, but every minister should be paid for his services. (In England minimum fees are fixed by law and recoverable at court.) Mr. Waters urged me again to tell him what was a proper fee. I then told him that at a funeral similar to that of Mrs. Waters the fee placed in my hand was a gold piece of \$20. He then said: "Call tomorrow and I will fix it up with you," and we parted legal proceedings against you to try the question whether in this civilized and progressive country a person calling himself a gentleman can be permitted to take legal proceedings of religion, whom he called in to bury his wife, for reminding him that he had omitted to pay him the usual fee at the time of the funeral, unless you apologized for the insult you so gratuitously offered me and the church to which I belong and to your own wife's memory."

Mr. Waters did not apologize or pay my fee, and I soon forgot the insult to him; more and if Mr. Waters had offered me his hand next time I met him he would have found I retained no ill-will toward him.

A letter has also been received from Clarence M. Mylrea, senior warden of Rev. Mr. Ben Ollie's church, in which the gentleman refers also to the Courier letter from which the extract above is published, and which all parties agree gives Mr. Ben Ollie's side of the controversy.

The Supervisors.
At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors yesterday the petition of W. H. Bowman et al. for the change of location of a road in section 30, T. 8 N., R. 12 W., was set for hearing on March 22.

E. L. Burdick was authorized to purchase a horse at a cost not to exceed \$250, for use at the county farm.

The matter of the vacation of streets in Carlton's addition to Norwalk was continued on motion of Supervisor Davis until tomorrow.

A deed from the Azusa Land and Water Company to a strip of land ten feet wide, along the south side of the Azusa Rancho, was accepted, and the said strip duly declared to be a public highway.

The license ordinance, as amended by the District Attorney in conformity with the resolution adopted on Wednesday afternoon, was taken up and re-adopted.

THE HOT SEA-WATER BATHS are now open for patronage at the Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica. As these baths are located in the hotel building and the halls heated by steam, it removes all danger of taking cold. Elevator runs to the bath rooms.

TRY CREAM PUFF Ready-raising Flour.

The Manning-Wood Case.
The case of the people vs. Billy Manning, the "pug" who is charged with an assault with a deadly weapon on S. O. Wood, came up for preliminary examination in Justice Austin's court yesterday afternoon.

It will be remembered that Manning, who was looking for a woman shortly after midnight about a week ago, called at the Lewis lodging-house, No. 816 1/2 South Spring street, and became noisy when the landlady told him the woman was not there. She called her brother-in-law, Wood, and the two engaged in a fight, and Wood received blows over the head and has been in bed ever since.

He was not well enough to appear in court yesterday and the case went over until 9:15 o'clock tomorrow morning.

New Corporation.
Articles of incorporation were filed with the County Clerk yesterday by the Buylank Land and Water Company, formed for the purpose of acquiring, etc., real estate, water rights, rights-of-way and other easements, with a capital stock of \$50,000, all of which has been actually subscribed. Its board of directors consists of L. T. Garney, F. M. Burbank, H. L. Macneil, C. C. Carpenter, E. E. Hall and A. E. Pomeroy, all of this city.

San Diego Story.
Deputy Constable Tom Weller returned from Los Angeles yesterday, says the San Diego Union of Wednesday, where the two girls he took from a house of ill-fame in this city were returned to their parents. One is the daughter of an attorney and the other of a business man. The girls' mothers were heartbroken and one of them said she would give \$15,000 in cash to any sober, industrious man that would marry her daughter.

The Latest Styles
In Millinery—Arrival of New Goods—Display of Flowers, Novelties, Etc.

More millinery goods are shown at Mozart's than any two stores in this city. Hundreds of different styles of hats, many imported, all of which will be sold at New York prices. As a leader we offer a nice hat for a Miss at \$5, and a trimmed sailor for 10c. Ladies' large brim sun hats, 10c. In flowers: a carload have been received by us. The French flowers, such as roses, are in advance of cost. A long daisy wreath at 4c; a fine moulture of rosebuds, leaves and grasses, 5c. Many fastidious people think our prices too low. To them we beg to say millinery is far lower in price than ever before. Mozart's offers fine goods at low prices. It will pay you to see our goods and prices, and it will pay you to be sure you get 'em, as unscrupulous people here. All styles of spring bonnets, silk, straw, frames, 15c. New ready at.

More Stale Coffee.
roasted off the Giant coffee the Economic Stores, 305 S.

EXTRACT for sprains, bruises, poison oak; soothing

WILLIAMS & SON, No. 203 North Main street, the druggists, take especial pleasure in supplying their customers with the best medicines obtainable. Among the many excellent preparations on their shelves may be mentioned Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which is a favorite winter months on account of its great success in curing colds. There is nothing that will loosen a severe cold and from that promptly relieve the lungs. Then it counteracts any tendency towards pneumonia, is pleasant and safe to take, and fully worthy of its popularity.

Hotel del Coronado.
Reports having been quite extensively circulated that this favorite resort is crowded with guests the management wants it known that there are still one hundred good rooms unoccupied, and all wishing rooms either single or en suite can be accommodated at reasonable rates. T. D. YEOMANS, Agt., 138 South Spring street.

EUCALYPTA EXTRACT for catarrhal affections, hemorrhages, inflammations, wounds, piles; active and effective.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 11, 1892.
After suffering for years with stomach trouble, I was at last induced to try Dr. Weng Him, of No. 630 Upper Main street, Los Angeles. He examined me and pronounced my trouble a tumor in the stomach. After two months' treatment, during which time I felt greatly relieved and benefited, he pronounced me entirely cured, and from that time to the present, which is four months, I have not felt the least return of my old trouble. I am able to eat many things which formerly would distress me very much. Therefore I feel that I can do nothing else than to recommend the doctor to all who can be induced to try him, hereby extending him my most heartfelt thanks for his services to me.
No. 217 South Bonnie Brae street.
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

THE HOT SEA-WATER BATHS are now open for patronage at the Hotel Arcadia, Santa Monica. As these baths are located in the hotel building and the halls heated by steam, it removes all danger of taking cold. Elevator runs to the bath rooms.

TRY CREAM PUFF Ready-raising Flour.

Parisian

Cloak and Suit Company,
217 SOUTH SPRING ST.

We are almost ready to move and

Are All Torn Up!
And so are Our Prices!

We have but 10 days more in our old location, and in those 10 days must dispose of every dollar of goods.

No Matter How Low the Price

We Shall and Must Not

Carry over one single garment. If you want a Cloak Suit or Wrapper the opportunity will never occur again to buy at present ridiculous prices.

Imagine Beaded, Lace and Braided Silk Wraps that usually sold at \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00, now closing out at.....

Imagine all-wool Cork-screw and Cloth Ulsters, usually sold at \$12.00, \$15.00 and \$18.00, now closing out at.....

And so on throughout the entire line.

ONLY TEN DAYS LONGER!

WHEN FOUND MAKE A NOTE OF IT

SEAL OF NORTH CAROLINA IS THE BEST PLUG CUT

IS THE BEST.

If you want to get "on top" do what you have to do—the other fellow. "The Seal of North Carolina" did not get "on top" by accident; smokers soon found out it was "a little better" than any other, and against all competitors it stays on top.

Packed in Patent Cloth Pouches and in Foil.

Madame Ulrich's HAIR VIGOR!

World-renowned Vegetable A Most Efficacious Tonic.

It stops falling hair, gives it new vitality, and gives it a rich, luxuriant growth of hair. As a dressing for the hair it is unequalled. It keeps it soft, yet vigorous, and prevents baldness or the hair from prematurely turning gray.

Without it, Price, \$1.00; sold at all leading drug stores and Hair-dressing Parlors, Room 28, Shumacher Block. Put up by Madame Ulrich, Los Angeles, Cal.

MOSGROVE'S DRESSMAKING!

This department is under the management of the most experienced and thorough cutter and fitter on this Coast. For perfection of fit, style, and originality of design, she is without a peer. FOLKWAYS can have their suits made in one day's time, and be assured of satisfaction. NOBENING suits given special attention. Bring your own material, or you can make a selection from a high and exclusive class of novelty dress patterns from my stock. Prices as low as any first-class costumer.

FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED.
All kinds of fur work done in the house. The only place in Southern California. Seal-skins retined, renovated and redyed; short notice and at very reasonable prices. All work guaranteed first-class.

MOSGROVE'S Cloak and Suit House, 119 S. Spring st., Los Angeles.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 27, 1892.

To Local Manager of Car No. 1:

Stay in Los Angeles one week longer. Finish up all photos made up to Saturday night, March 6, then ship to San Diego. Work at same rate of \$1.00 per doz.—\$1.50 for enamel work.

By order of General Manager.

BOSTON R. R. PHOTO CARS.

HOUSE PAINTING,
Kalsomining and Papering.
STAN SIGN CO., 222 Franklin st.

People's Store!

March 4, 1892.

As ever-increasing business requires us to occupy more space we have rented three-fourths of the room now occupied by the Santa Fe passenger office and running out to Franklin street. As soon as the shelving and the archway connecting this annex to our present stores is completed it will contain our House Furnishing and Toy Department now in our basement salesroom. We will make it worth your while during the remainder of this week to come downstairs and invest as heavily as possible, preparatory to moving our stock.

Shoe Department.

We place on sale today the best makes of shoes that we have in our house, both in gent's and ladies' wear at a uniform price. There is nothing better in either line. Those in want of good shoes at a popular price will appreciate this sale. For the accommodation of those who cannot spend as much money we have lines of good shoes to suit every purse. Every pair of our shoes is warranted.

Price on the line we sell today, while worth \$6.50, will be

\$5.00.

12 1/2c.

We have taken our \$3.50 and \$4.00 line of boys' clothing, ages from 4 to 12, in all sorts of styles and patterns of materials, well made and finished, and are offering them, repriced at

\$2.50.

\$1.50.

Although merchandise never has any particular value with us, and we have given you some splendid values for very little money, there never was an item to compare with the line of Men's Natural Wool Undershirts, which we are offering today per garment at

75c.

25c.

A line of full fashioned socks, imported goods manufactured to sell at special

75c.

25c.

Dress Goods.

The prices at which we are offering our dress goods stock is remarkable, and that fact is attracting a larger patronage to our counters than we have ever enjoyed before.

For the benefit of our country patrons we desire to say that unless their orders for goods advertised are received within three days of the issue of the paper we are unable to fill the same, unless there should happen to be a slow sale and the goods should not be disposed of; then we will cheerfully fill any orders.

A line of Gilbert's all-wool suitings in solid colors, embracing the shades of gray, blue, brown and green, 38 to 40 inches wide; goods that are as staple as \$20 pieces, at 50c per yard, offered at

35c.

40c.

46-inch wide, all-wool, finest quality of black and colored Henriettes, Serges and Surah Cloths, warranted the finest of imported goods, worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per yard. You want to take advantage of this exceptional value. There is no living concern that can duplicate it nor can we when this lot is gone. Samples freely sent.

75c.

50c.

Our entire line of printed and solid colored China Silks, we have on special sale, goods that are worth 65c per yard, warranted to hold the thread and not to ravel or tear like tissue paper, as the 50c quality that is sold around town.

35c.

74c.

Messrs. R. H. White & Co. of Boston secured the entire stock of an importer

25c.

25c.

Domestics.

Best quality of Indigo Blue Calicoes, ordinarily sell 12 yards for \$1.00, we are offering 16 yards for \$1.00.

We place on sale today a line of fancy printed muslin, goods that are 8 1/2 yards for \$1.00.

15c.

Fancy dress effects in cotton fabrics, the handsomest line of choice goods that we have ever shown, being reproductions of the finest French printings. 8 1/2 yards for \$1.00.

15c.

Light colored prints, new patterns, new goods, best quality manufactured. \$1.00 8 1/2 yards for \$1.00.

10c.

Elderdown Flannels in fancy colors and stripes, being our regular 60c quality 35c 8 1/2 yards for \$1.00.

25c.

Double-fold wrapper flannels, 36 inches wide, we are desirous of closing out 25c at.....

25c.

A line of Scotch outing flannels we call your attention to as costing 5c per yard to land in this country we will 35c sell at.....

35c.

A line of domestic outing flannels, the nicest goods shown anywhere under 5c, handsome stripes, soft and heavy 12 1/2c 8 1/2 yards for \$1.00.

12 1/2c.

Our line of 18 1/2c Dress Gingham, new spring effects, no old last year's 8 1/2c chestnuts.....

8 1/2c.

A line of Scotch flannels, we warrant the colors fast, and cloth the best and finest within 10c per yard of the price asked. If

15c.

COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

A. HAMBURGER & SONS

erside; E. F. Van Loven, Colton; F. E. Patterson, Helix; S. M. Marshall, El Cajon; Frank H. Edwards, George Duncan, Riverside; E. P. Norwood, Cucamonga, Riverside.

Class 18—For best display of orange wine, \$15. George Merrell, Duarte; E. Merrell, Duarte; C. F. Eaton, Santa Barbara.

Class 17—For best display of orange marmalade, \$15. Mrs. Henry Wheeler, Pomona; Leonard Carter, Covina; J. C. Joplin, Tustin; City, Mrs. A. C. Blakie, South Los Angeles; Mrs. G. A. Briggs, La Cañada; L. E. Allen Company, Miss M. L. Webb, San Diego; C. P. Taft, Orange; Mrs. James Boyd, Riverside; Mrs. Spence, Mrs. R. Ware, Santa Barbara.

Class 16—For best display of all products of the orange, \$15. J. C. Joplin, Tustin; S. M. Woodbridge, Los Angeles; Mrs. James Boyd, Riverside; C. F. Eaton, Santa Barbara.

Class 15—For best display of budded lemons from any locality, first premium, \$30; second, \$20; third, \$10. T. S. Ingham, Highland; Ontario, Hatch & Wood, Ontario; H. A. Pula, Riverside; C. L. Loud, Pomona.

Class 14—For best exhibit of budded lemons by an individual, first premium, \$30; second, \$20. N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; E. S. Thacher, Northridge; Mrs. Robert Lyons, Ventura; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; Samuel W. Fox, Colton; W. C. Fuller, Colton; J. S. Castleman, G. W. Garcelon, John W. Roberts, Riverside; E. C. Kimball, Pomona; A. A. Gooden, George Hannan, National City.

Class 13—For best variety of budded lemons, not less than one box: first premium, \$25; second premium, \$15. Henry Claussen, North Calhoun; N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; E. S. Thacher, Northridge; Mrs. Robert Lyons, Ventura; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; Samuel W. Fox, Colton; W. C. Fuller, Colton; J. S. Castleman, G. W. Garcelon, John W. Roberts, Riverside; H. M. Higgins, National City; D. Freeman, Inglewood.

Class 12—For best display of Lisbon lemons by an individual, first premium, \$25; second, \$15. N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; N. W. Godbold, Highland; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; Samuel W. Fox, Colton; W. C. Fuller, Colton; J. S. Castleman, G. W. Garcelon, John W. Roberts, Riverside.

Class 11—For best display of Eureka lemons, not less than one box: first premium, \$25; second, \$15. J. L. Lanterman, La Cañada; Del Valle Bros., Camulos; B. B. Briggs, La Crescenta; Henry Claussen, North Calhoun; N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; Charles Buffington, Ontario; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; John Scott, Duarte; J. C. Pogue, Visalia; G. W. Garcelon, Riverside; J. C. Joplin, Tustin; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; J. S. Castleman, G. W. Garcelon, John W. Roberts, Riverside; E. C. Kimball, National City; E. Pollard, Alhambra; C. F. Eaton, Santa Barbara.

Class 10—For best display of Villa Franca by an individual, quantity not less than one box: first premium, \$25; second, \$15. I. C. Wood, Ontario; A. Keer & Son, George W. Hale, National City.

Class 9—For best display by an individual of lemons not specified elsewhere in this list, quantity not larger than a plateful of each variety: first premium, \$25; second, \$15. Mrs. Robert Lyons, Ventura; N. W. Godbold, Highland.

Class 8—For the best variety of lemons, not specified elsewhere in this list, in quantities not less than one plateful of each variety: first premium, \$25; second, \$15. N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; Mrs. Robert Lyons, Ventura; I. C. Wood, Ontario; J. L. Macnell, Anusa; J. V. C. Pogue, Visalia; G. W. Garcelon, Riverside; S. S. Johnson, National City; A. Keer & Son, National City; N. W. Godbold, San Diego; John Wolfskill, Santa Monica; D. Freeman, Inglewood; S. M. Marshall, El Cajon.

Class 7—For best exhibit of limes: first premium, \$15; second, \$10. T. S. Ingham, Highland; T. J. Swain, National City; J. S. Bell, Santa Barbara.

Class 6—For best exhibit of shadocks and pumelo: first premium, \$15; second, \$10. T. S. Ingham, Highland; T. J. Swain, National City; J. S. Bell, Santa Barbara.

Class 5—For best exhibit of grape fruit: first premium, \$5. James Barnhill, Colton; C. J. Davis, Colton; D. C. Freeman, Inglewood; Earl & Son, National City; S. M. Marshall, El Cajon; F. M. Douglas, Duarte.

Class 4—For best exhibit of raisins from any county: first premium, \$10; second, \$5. G. W. Garcelon, San Bernardino county; R. H. Young, San Diego county.

Class 3—For best exhibit of raisins from any locality: first premium, \$10; second, \$5. F. M. Moore and Cyrus Kenney, Riverside; W. H. Early, Rialto; H. A. Pula, Riverside; S. M. Marshall (El Cajon Society), El Cajon; Escondido Society, Escondido.

Class 2—For best exhibit of products of an individual: first premium, \$25; second, \$10. F. M. Moore, Fillmore; G. N. Turner, Rialto; B. E. Suley, A. L. Wright, Rialto; H. H. Norton, Ontario; J. H. Backus, Riverside; S. M. Marshall, El Cajon; Escondido Land and Town Company, Escondido; O. Henry, Porterville.

Class 1—For best exhibit of two and one-half box of raisins: first premium, \$5. F. M. Moore, Fillmore; W. H. Backus, Riverside.

Class 36—For best exhibit of dried figs: first premium, \$10; second, \$5. Leonard Carter, Covina; W. J. Nienhuis, Pasadena; T. H. Holly, La Crescenta; J. W. Walker, Ontario; W. H. Ferry, Lakeside; H. Newman, Porterville; O. Henry, Porterville; C. F. Taft, Orange.

Class 37—For best exhibit of pickled olives: first premium, \$15. Frank Kimball, National City; Del Valle Bros., Camulos; L. C. Cammock, Whittier; B. B. Briggs, La Crescenta; W. C. Welch, Pomona; G. W. Garcelon, Riverside; F. J. Smith, Pomona; K. Stevens, Santa Barbara; A. M. Boyd, Los Olivos.

Class 38—For best exhibit of olive oil: first premium, \$20; second, \$10. Frank Kimball, National City; Ellwood Cooper, Santa Barbara.

Class 39—For best exhibit of walnuts: first premium, \$20; second, \$10. J. T. Haight, Rialto; George W. Ford, Santa Ana; Mrs. T. J. Mellen, Beaumont; Mrs. James Boyd, Riverside; John Spence, A. N. Leet, Joseph Sexton, Santa Barbara.

Class 40—For best display of almonds: first premium, \$10; second, \$5. Del Valle Bros., Camulos; J. T. Haight, Rialto; George W. Ford, Santa Ana; Mrs. T. J. Mellen, Beaumont; Mrs. James Boyd, Riverside; John Spence, A. N. Leet, Joseph Sexton, Santa Barbara.

Class 41—For best display of fruit of the guava: first premium, \$10. L. E. Allen Co., San Diego; Mrs. Eliza Dimmick, Santa Barbara; C. S. Sawyer, National City.

Class 42—For best display of products of the guava fruit: first premium, \$5. Mrs. H. Stoll, Calhoun; Mrs. O. A. Briggs, La Cañada; L. E. Allen Co., San Diego; Sweet water Fruit Company, National City.

Class 43—For best display of semi-tropic fruit not mentioned in this list: first premium, \$25. A. H. Palmer & Son, Ontario; D. Stockton, San Diego; C. F. Eaton, Santa Barbara.

Class 44—For best artistic display of citrus fruits: first premium, \$100; second, \$50; third, \$25. N. W. Blanchard, Santa Paula; E. S. Thacher, Northridge; Mrs. Robert Lyons, Ventura; E. M. Hatch, I. C. Wood, Ontario; Samuel W. Fox, Colton; W. C. Fuller, Colton; J. S. Castleman, G. W. Garcelon, John W. Roberts, Riverside; H. M. Higgins, National City; D. Freeman, Inglewood.

AYRES ON THE STAND.

Defendant's Version of the Baldwin Deal.

He Denies That He Ever Conspired to Rob Baldwin.

Number of Other Witnesses Examined for the Defense.

Two of Them Under Indictment for the Same Offense with Which Ayres is Charged—General Court News.

In Department Five, yesterday morning, the trial of Lyman Ayres, one of the real estate men charged with having obtained property from H. S. Baldwin, by means of false pretenses, was resumed before Judge Shaw and a jury in the presence of a large number of apparently interested spectators.

The prosecution called G. I. Cochran and John Milner and recalled E. L. Baker and E. S. Galbraith for the purpose of filling in little breaks in the chain of evidence linked together on the two preceding days, and then rested its case.

The defense then called as its first witness, J. M. Voss, an attorney, who was examined as to certain details concerning the transaction, but which he was not allowed to testify to, as it was shown that they occurred after the deal had been made.

Charles L. Eager, a real estate dealer from the East Side, was then called and examined for the purpose of showing that he knew there was such a person as J. W. Dunn; but on cross-examination he stated that although he had been introduced to such a person some time last spring he did not know that that was the man's right name.

Attorney W. H. Shinn then took the stand and testified to the effect that shortly after the exchange of the land H. S. Baldwin went to his office, with the defendant Ayres, and inquired about the quality of the land near Anaheim and the title thereto, stating that Ayres had told him that he (Shinn) had owned the entire tract at one time. The witness then detailed the conversation they had had on that occasion.

H. E. Corwell, a notary public, testified to having met J. W. Dunn in April last and seen him occasionally since. On cross-examination he said that Dunn had been introduced to him by E. W. Gilbert, a real estate man, but he did not know whether the man's real name was Dunn or not. He had never seen him with the defendant.

E. H. Boyd, one of the men under indictment for the same offense, was then called, but beyond the statement that, although he had known Ayres for four years, he had never had any business relations with him, he refused to testify, claiming that, his attorneys being absent, he was afraid he might incriminate himself by so doing. The witness exhibited considerable nervousness and embarrassment while upon the stand, and his demeanor was not calculated to impress the jury very favorably.

He was followed by C. E. Norton, another of the defendants in the case, a tall young man with a blonde mustache, who also appeared ill at ease in his somewhat trying situation. He denied emphatically that Ayres had anything to do with the Baldwin deal at all, nor had he mentioned it to Ayres at any time.

On cross-examination Norton also refused to answer many of the questions put to him on the ground that he was under indictment upon the same charge, and he was extremely cautious about answering at all.

During the examination of the witness R. A. Ling, Esq., was severely sat upon by the Court for making remarks after objections had been ruled upon, and at one time contempt proceedings seemed imminent, as the defendant's attorney seemed determined not to be suppressed in showing on the stand, as he stated a long time before responding to the questions put to him, and repeatedly forgot what the question was while thinking of what his answer should be. He left the stand finally with evident relief, and after a brief consultation with his counsel, the defendant took the stand in his own behalf. He was very cool and collected, and responded to the questions put in a clear voice.

He testified to the effect that his name was Lyman Ayres, that he had resided in the county for twelve years and the State for thirty years and was a man of family. He was called upon to state all his connection with the matter set forth in the indictment from beginning to end, in detail, in his own way, but Assistant District Attorney McComas objected to the instructions of his counsel, and insisted upon his being examined properly, which objection was sustained by the Court.

He then testified to the effect that he knew E. H. Boyd and had first spoken to him in Sacramento about three months ago. He first met H. S. Baldwin in the early part of May last in Norton's office, whether he went on business, Baldwin, upon being introduced by Norton, said he had been looking for him, as he had heard that he owned a piece of property in the Kramer tract, in Orange county, and wanted to find out something about it. The witness told him that he had never owned any part of lot 19 of the tract, but knew the land, and he then drew a map of lot 19, which Baldwin recognized very quickly, and told him all he knew about it, saying that that part of the land which was in the wash was worthless, but the rest was good land and worth at least \$100 per acre. As Baldwin appeared to be in doubt as to the title to the land, the witness suggested that he go to either Shinn or Cadman, and finally took him over and introduced him to the former. After that he occasionally saw Baldwin, and one day the latter met him on the street and told him that he had been robbed in the transaction, as all the land he had got was in the river.

The defendant denied emphatically that he had ever conspired with Stump, Boyd, Morgan and Norton, or any other persons, to defraud Baldwin, or that he ever made false representations to him. He did not even know that Baldwin had a lot on Bunker Hill avenue for sale or trade before he met him; nor could he remember whether or not Baldwin had ever told him that he owned such property.

He was never authorized to sell lot 19, in block K of the Kramer tract, by any one.

At this juncture court adjourned for the day, the case going over until 10 o'clock this morning.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

Given Ten Years for Rape—Arraignments.—New Suit.—Civil Business.

In Department One yesterday morning Macario Tapia, the Mexican recently convicted by a jury of the crime of rape committed upon the person of Antonia de los Angeles Tapia de Soto at San Felipe Cañon, near Newhall, recently, appeared before Judge Smith

to receive sentence. His counsel, C. G. Stephens, Esq., moved the court for a new trial upon the usual statutory grounds; but the motion was denied by Judge Smith, who thereupon sentenced the defendant to be imprisoned in the State prison at San Quentin for the term of ten years.

In the United States District Court yesterday morning the trial of the case of C. K. Smith, one of the two men charged with the burglary of the Duarte postoffice, was continued by Judge Ross, upon motion of the United States Attorney, until this morning, owing to the absence of material witness for the prosecution.

Judge Smith yesterday morning arraigned Henry Williams upon the charge of forgery preferred against him, and allowed him until Monday next in which to plead thereto. Williams is charged with having forged the name of "Rube Daniels" in an order for \$5 upon Attorney E. W. Sargent on October 6 last.

Reuben Daniels was only arraigned upon the charge of arson, he being accused of setting fire to a dwelling-house belonging to A. M. Stephens, Esq., on November 16 last, and was allowed until Monday next in which to plead thereto.

Upon motion of C. E. Sumner, Esq., and presentation of certificates from the Supreme Courts of New York and Minnesota, Judge Smith yesterday morning admitted to practice before him Judge Smith yesterday afternoon in the Superior Court of this county.

Upon motion of the District Attorney the case against E. H. Boyd, one of the five men charged with having obtained property from H. S. Baldwin by means of false pretenses, was continued by Judge Smith yesterday to be reset.

One of the other defendants being on trial in another court the papers necessary were unobtainable.

Felicia Reyes appeared before Judge Smith yesterday morning for arraignment upon the charge of having assaulted a Norwegian sailor named Johansen, at Nigger Brown's dance-house at San Pedro, recently; but her counsel, Messrs. W. H. Shinn and A. M. Carpenter, moved the Court to set aside the information, which motion, after argument, was taken under advisement until this morning.

Emanuel Gonzalez, a Spaniard, was duly admitted to citizenship of the United States yesterday by Judge Smith upon producing the necessary proof of residence here and taking the requisite oaths of renunciation and allegiance.

Julian Mendoza, alias "Jo-Jo," the Mexican, who was arrested at San Jose, Mex., 19 years of age, was taken before Judge Smith yesterday afternoon for examination as to his sanity, but, there being no evidence to the effect that he was dangerous to be at large, he was discharged.

In Department Three yesterday the trial of the case of the San Gabriel Valley Land and Water Company vs. L. W. Dennis, an action to collect an assessment, came to an abrupt conclusion, the Court, at the close of plaintiff's testimony, granting a judgment of nonsuit in favor of defendant.

The defendant in the case of the California Loan and Trust Company vs. D. Miller, an action to recover \$850 on a note, having allowed the matter to go by default, Judge Smith yesterday ordered judgment for plaintiff as prayed for therein.

In Department Four yesterday morning Judge Van Dyke opened the sealed record returned by the jury in the case of E. H. Kincaid vs. the California Central Railroad Company, late on Wednesday night, when it was found to be in favor of plaintiff for the sum of \$825.06.

At defendant's request the jurors were polled and it was ascertained that they stood two to two.

The trial of the case of P. Hollenbach et al. vs. E. E. Schnabel et al., an action to obtain an accounting, was resumed before Judge Van Dyke yesterday, and at the close of the testimony the matter was ordered to be submitted upon briefs.

Judge Clark rendered his decision in the case of the contest yesterday, granting the petition of the Public Administrator, who is held to have a prior legal right to letters of administration to the estate to the non-resident father of the deceased, although the latter succeeds to the entire estate.

In Department Six yesterday the trial of the case of Cole vs. Mrs. Ida D. Wilson, an action for damages, was resumed, and, after occupying the attention of Judge McKinley and a jury all day, went over until this morning.

Charles Dillon, one of the boy burglars recently arrested on Boyle Heights, was held to answer by the jury this afternoon to the charge of having burglarized the residence of J. C. Fifield, on Euclid Hill, under bonds in the sum of \$1000.

New Suits.

Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Sylvester Moore et al. vs. George E. Gard et al.; suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$218.08.

Southern Pacific Company vs. San Jacinto Lumber Company; suit to foreclose a vendor's lien for \$2918.40.

Same vs. same et al.; suit to recover \$2560 on a bond.

Andrew Glassell vs. A. H. Smith et al.; suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$15,891.42.

Petition of Mrs. Jennie Donahue for leave to administer to the estate of C. E. Donahue, deceased, who died on February 12 last, leaving real property valued at \$800.

Petition of Charles R. Bruner for the admission to probate of the will of Elias Bruner, deceased, who died on January 8 last, at Clearwater, leaving real and personal property valued at \$358.

Today's Calendar.

DEPARTMENT ONE.—Judge Smith. Clear.

DEPARTMENT TWO.—Judge Clark. Estate of H. Parsons, deceased; petition for sale of realty. Estate of Franklin H. Smith, deceased; petition to convey realty. Estate of Edmund Deimler, deceased; petition to sell realty. Estate of E. G. W. Tilton, deceased; letters. Estate of Halliwell Vaughn, deceased; letters. Estate of A. Winters, deceased; order to show cause. Estate of T. S. Bevan, deceased; letters. Estate of W. Rose, deceased; will. Estate and guardianship of the Fraisher minors; final account. Estate of Mary Newman, deceased; account and distribution. Estate of Henrietta Guthrie, deceased; letters. Estate of E. Buena, deceased; petition to mortgage. Estate of A. A. Adams, deceased; hearing. Estate of W. H. K. Montague, deceased; account and distribution. Estate and guardianship of Grace Horstense Power, a minor; motion to vacate order. G. Roscoe Thomas vs. M. M. Parker; note. DEPARTMENT THREE.—Judge Wood. Marcus Yorba, executor, vs. C. Ehrenfeld et al.; foreclosure. B. S. Hayes vs. E. D. Gibson; for possession. DEPARTMENT FOUR.—Judge Van Dyke. Gilbert Smith vs. John M. Glass; reward money. San Jacinto Estate, Limited, vs. M. C. Westbrook; note.

DEPARTMENT FIVE.—Judge Shaw. People vs. Lyman Ayres; false pretenses; on trial. D. B. Porter vs. Lyman Stewart; appeal. Louisa A. de Gariñas et al. vs. Francisco E. Abila et al.; partition.

DEPARTMENT SIX.—Judge McKinley. Cole vs. Ida D. Wilson; on trial. Candelaria Tapia de Aliverdo vs. James Rawson et al.; on trial. In re contempt of Nathaniel Pryor; hearing.

THE INFORMAL WEST.

They Treat Visitors Cordially, but With Cheerful Unconventionality. [Brandon Buckshaw.]

The lavish Western hospitality which insists upon treating a guest as a very great personage has not yet been replaced by conventional coldness and formality. Not long ago the wife of a literary man visited relatives in a Western city. Her coming having been duly announced by a local paper, the day after her arrival no less than five private carriages were placed at the lady's disposal, including drivers.

She could not accept them all, but did fall of an opportunity to drive out and see the very fine country about the town. Within forty-eight hours she had received no fewer than fifty calls from people who came to pay their compliments and who paid them with great generosity and enthusiasm.

But the crowning experience was to come. With another relative she attended a sort of Sunday-school meeting, intending to take a seat modestly at the back part of the house and hear what ladies were heckled to by an usher. "This way, ladies!"

They followed him, and before they were fully aware of it were upon the platform close by the minister's side and facing the audience. The minister then proceeded to make an address in which he eulogized the fame of the literary man and the virtues of his wife, ending by inviting her to address the children.

But the Eastern lady, who was shy and retiring in disposition, could not even attempt to rise, perhaps her knees would not have held her if she had. She sat still; quite overwhelmed, with downcast eyes. There was a painful silence, which presently the minister broke.

"If then," he said, "our friends do not care to address us, perhaps they will rise and give us a good look at them!"

This was as hard a demand to fill as the other. The ladies sat perfectly quiet and there was another still more painful silence. There was nothing to do but go on with the exercises. It was an awful experience for the lady from the East; but in spite of it she spent her time in the town very delightfully, and she warmly heartily returned beyond all account and the place attractive and interesting.

FIGHT WITH A COUGAR.

Terrible Adventure of a Swedish Sailor With a "Big Kitten."

The cougar secures its prey by creeping stealthily behind it until near enough to spring upon and strike it down. It will attack a man in the daytime if he can approach him unseen, and is hungry.

In an article contributed to the Youth's Companion, entitled "The Big Game of North America," Mr. W. A. Jones describes a terrible fight between a Swedish sailor and a cougar, which took place near the house of the writer's father.

The sailor, Joseph Jorgenson, ran away from a British man-of-war anchored in a harbor of British Columbia, and made his way to Washington, where he took a quarter section of Government land. One morning he began clearing a spot whereon to build a house. He was vigorously wielding a spade, when suddenly his arm was seized by a cougar's jaws.

Joe was very strong and by a kick in the stomach he forced the beast to fall to the ground. The cougar sprang at the man's throat. With his left arm Joe warded off its jaws, while with his right he dealt it a blow in the ribs that again felled it to the ground.

Quick as a flash the beast seized Joe's left hand. With right fist and heavy boot Joe beat and kicked the animal until he released his hand. Retreating a short distance it sprang on his breast and knocked him against a tree. Again he cuffed and kicked it until it let go and retreated.

Joe then happened to see the spade he had been using lying at his feet. He snatched it up and waved the animal's springs by a timely thrust. The brute fell at the man's feet, but instantly rose and seized him by the thigh. Concentrating his strength Joe drove the sharp blade of the spade into the animal's head, and it fell dead at his feet.

Bitten and scratched, the blood streaming from a dozen wounds, he reeled home. It was many weeks before he recovered, and when he grew strong he had lost all desire for farming. He shipped on an American coaster as a sailor, saying that he had less fear of the sharks than of the "Big Kitties."

Tarantula and Snake Bites. [San Francisco Examiner.]

Many queer stories are heard from time to time about the deadly bite of the tarantula, scorpion, vinagron, Gila monster, the coeils fly and other animals and insects peculiar to the California deserts. Naturally G. W. Dunn, who has in his time handled hundreds of these and reptiles of various kinds besides those mentioned, says they are misstatements.

"I never knew of a really healthy man dying from the effects of any of these," he said yesterday at the American Exchange. "Nothing we have in California will kill a person whose blood is in good condition but a rattlesnake. Take it when the blood isn't pure, and sometimes a pin puncture or a bite of any ordinary fly will kill. It depends on just how bad the blood is."

There is another odd thing about a bite from any poisonous reptile or insect. If the subject has not been a heavy drinker plentiful portions of liquor will, to an almost absolute certainty, pull him through. In cases of a rattlesnake bite ordinarily this is about the best remedy, but if the bitten man has been a stiff and steady imbiber it won't do any good. If he depends on the whisky, remedy he stands a good chance to under.

A tarantula bite doesn't amount to much. They only pinch a little and it causes but a slight swelling, which will go down again in a short time. Many a time I have waked up in the morning on the desert and found tarantulas in my blankets. They come in in great numbers. There isn't much danger from the bite of any of those mentioned but the rattlesnake."

A Friend's Support. [Somerville Journal.]

Watkins. Have you read Parkerson's new novel?

Smythe. No. You know Parkerson is a friend of mine, and I am waiting for him to send me a complimentary copy.

It is said that the sap of the sugar pine makes exceptionally fine sugar, and experiments with it are being made in this State. Perhaps California can produce a saccharine article that will surpass the famous maple sugar of old Vermont.—[Fomosa Progress.]

HE WORKED IT WELL.

And Got Permanently Excused from Jury Duty.

[Buffalo Times.]

John Stanton, a reporter who, when the century was that much younger, did really humorous work for the Brooklyn Eagle over the non-de-plume "Corry O'Leary," had a peculiar aversion for jury service so strong that he could not be satisfied with obtaining exemption on professional grounds, but would seek ingenious ways to "beat the law" whenever he was served with the obnoxious notice reminding him of his duty.

On one occasion he presented himself before the deputy commissioner of jurors, who sat in state adjudicating with severe magisterial solemnity, upon the many pleas for exemption presented by men who felt as John did about the law, when this scene occurred:

Deputy (glancing at his paper and frowning from force of habit.) Well; any reason why you should not serve as a juror?

Stanton. Eh? Deputy (louder.) Any reason why you shouldn't serve?

Stanton (curving his right hand about his ear, and with an expression of eager interest on his face.) Will you be so good as to speak a little louder?

Deputy (yelling so that he is red in the face and breaks a collar button with the swelling of his neck.) Is there any reason why you should not serve as a juror?

Stanton. No, sir. No reason whatever.

Deputy. Ain't you a little hard of hearing?

Stanton. Eh? Deputy (extending himself and getting mad.) Ain't you deaf?

Stanton (looking as innocent as a clam.) I beg your pardon, but may I trouble you to repeat that?

Deputy (howling and breaking into a perspiration.) You're deaf.

Stanton. Oh, no. Not at all; not at all.

The deputy gasped with amazement and indignation at the audacious denial, and when he had recovered his breath sufficiently to speak, shrieked, "Well, I think you are; and—d—d deaf, too."

"Eh?" responded Stanton, with a look of placid unconcern.

"You're excused," vociferated the official in a tone that made the windows rattle.

"I beg your pardon," repeated Stanton again, with a hand up to an ear, "but—"

The exhausted and exasperated deputy sprang to his feet, exclaiming, "You're deaf!" and, with his arms and hands wildly toward the door and belled with all the force of his lungs: "Go 'way! Get out! Shoo! Never come back! You're excused forever!"

Stanton, looking up at him with apparent surprise and doubt, seemed gradually to catch his meaning, then bowing politely, said, "Thank you," and went out.

And he had told nothing but the truth, strictly the truth, for his hearing was then perfect—which it was not years later. But there is a question for casuists: Did he lie or not?

STATE AND COAST.

An old, loaded bombshell was found on College Hill, Escondido, the other day by John Markle. It is thought that it is probably a relic of the San Pascual skirmish. After being driven from San Pascual, Gen. Kearney marched, with his wounded and dead pieces, to a point near Escondido, where he was beset by the California lancers under Andres Pico. Later he was relieved by a force of marines and volunteers from San Diego. The San Diego San thinks it very likely the shell was from Kearney when he marched away from his camp on the Escondido hills.

J. Lansing Lane visited the poultry show at Los Angeles Monday, says the Ontario Observer.

